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KING, REED & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FOREIGN.

Carlist Rising.

ITALIAN CABINET CHANGES.

Sentence of Communists.

WEST INDIA TOWN BURNED.

Arch Duke Alexis Sailed.

FRANCE.

WHY THIERS IS PRESIDENT.

VERSAILLES, September 2.—The acceptance of Thiers' Presidency by the Assembly is not because the Assembly was content with Thiers, on his own terms, or afraid of his resignation, but because they could get no one else to take his place. The Duc d'Aumale's final refusal determined the vote of the Right for the bill. MacMahon, Changarnier, and President Grevy were asked, but all refused. Grevy declared himself more of a Republican than Thiers. The others said they were unwilling to become a pretext for disorder.

ASKED TO REMAIN.

PARIS, September 3.—Thiers has written a letter to Larcy, asking him to withdraw his resignation.

THE MINISTRY.

The decree passed on the 31st of August, prolonging Thiers' powers provides for a Vice President of the Council of Ministers, to occupy the chair in the case of the absence of Thiers. In consequence of changes made in the constitution, members of the Ministry resigned, but resumed their portfolios at the request of Thiers.

SUSPENDED.

The publication of the *Verite* newspaper has been suspended.

GERMAN REPRESENTATIVE.

PARIS, September 2.—Herr Van Armin, presented his credentials as the diplomatic representative of Germany to-day.

SENTENCED.

President Thier's Court Martial at Versailles has sentenced M. Brissy, a Communist leader, to suffer death.

THE ASSEMBLY.

VERSAILLES, September 2.—In the Assembly to-day M. Target proposed that the session be adjourned on the 15th inst. until the 15th of November.

M. Pouyer Quertier stated that the third instalment of the war indemnity, amounting to half a million francs, had been paid over to the Germans. He implored the Assembly not to adjourn until it had provided ways and means for meeting the financial demands of the Government.

COMMUNISTS SENTENCED.

The court martial having been deliberating with closed doors since ix o'clock this morning, has just pronounced the following sentences against members of the Commune brought before it for trial: Ferre and Lecellier are condemned to suffer death. Urbain and Trinquet, imprisonment for life with hard labor; Assy, Billeoray, Champy, Regere, Grousset, Verdure and Ferret, to deportation and confinement in a fortress; Jourde and Rastaul, to simple deportation; Courbet, to six months' imprisonment and a fine of five hundred francs; Clement, three months' imprisonment; Decamps and Parent are acquitted.

THE MORTALITY.

The mortality returns of the city of Paris for the past week show a total of eight hundred and forty six deaths, of which four were cholera.

THE COMMUNIST TRIALS.

PARIS, September 3.—The court martial at Versailles will suspend its sittings for three days, after which it will take up the cases of Cavaliers, Rochefort, Rossel, and Marateau. The female prisoners accused of firing buildings with petroleum will be tried before a separate tribunal to-morrow.

SCENES IN COURT.

NEW YORK, September 3.—A correspondent of the London *Times*, writing from Versailles, August 9th, says Lullier yesterday threw the whole court into convulsions of laughter, in which even the grave President could not help joining, by the indignant vehemence with which he contrasted his own sanity during the insurrection with the sensual habits of his colleagues. One of the accused had insinuated that Lullier had been in part the cause of his own arrest, in consequence of his unreasonable conduct when "Apres Dijeuner Il Etail Excessivement exaltes." This was too much for Lullier, who certainly, if one be judge from his conduct in Court, does not require any artificial stimulant to excite him. So he rose and declared that during four days he had only slept five hours: the first day one hour upon a chair; the second one hour upon a sofa, and during this time what were they doing at the Hotel de Ville? They were laughing; they were singing, while young "Cantinieres Bien choisies" poured out in deep draughts more of triumph. The suddenness of the attack of the quarter from which it come, from the midst of the men themselves attacked, and above all, the indignant energy of the orator's tones and delivery, who spoke as if he had been an ancient prophet, lashing vices of a degenerate age, would have been too much for the gravity of any Court, and yesterday the whole room went into roars of laughter. The amusement was naturally not diminished when an elderly, highly respectable looking conspirator, thus accused of dallying at a great state crisis with young "cantinieres," rose indignantly to protest that he had no share in such proceedings, and knew nothing about them. This is not the first time that Lullier has upset the gravity of the court, but he is allowed and really deserves considerable license. The contrast between his manly, out-spoken profession of faith and the contemptible quibble and shirking of the prisoners who preceded him, is, to use a cant phrase, positively refreshing. Lullier has not for a single moment attempted to disavow his share in the insurrection. Nobody was more Indignant than he at the arrest of General Chanzy, whom he at once did his utmost to release, "his strenuous efforts," as he declares, "drawing down upon him the suspicion of the Comite Central," and contributing subsequently to his own arrest. He knew nothing about the assassination of Generals Lecomte and Thomas until it was done, and declared that had he been there it would never have happened while he remained alive.

ENGLAND.

BOILER EXPLOSION.

LONDON, September 2.—A boiler exploded on the bark Cardiff yesterday. The captain and engineer were blown overboard and drowned.

SUICIDE OF AN ACTOR.

Walter Montgomery, the well known actor, who recently returned from a professional tour to the United States, committed suicide last evening. Montgomery was married on the Wednesday previous to an American lady.

EMIGRATION INCREASING.

The number of emigrants from Liverpool during the month of August was four thousand greater than the same month last year.

SHIP WRECKED.

The Anna, bound for Copenhagen, has been wrecked and all on board lost.

MARINE NEWS.

The steamer Wyoming, from New York touched at Queenstown and proceeded to Liverpool.

CHINA.

EXCITING RUMORS.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 1.—The special steamer Alaska has arrived from Hong Kong. The rumor that the Europeans intended poisoning the Chinese had been industriously circulated, causing great exasperation among the natives. Measures were immediately taken to crush any uprising.

THE COREAN TROUBLES.

The Shanghai papers publish an authentic letter from the Corean Govern-

ment to the captain of the American steamer Wachusett when she went up the river in 1868 to inquire after the crew of the ship General Sherman. It is friendly and conciliary to the last degree, and had it been received as intended, the subsequent bloodshed would never have occurred. It was delayed a few hours, and the Wachusett sailed without receiving it.

WRECKED ENGLISHMEN RETURNED.

The British steamer Rigdon has returned from Corea with the English captured by the Coreans from the wreck of the Chusar. They hail been kindly treated, and no indignity was offered them.

GERMAN SCHOONER WRECKED.

The German iron schooner Valadar was wrecked in the Corean Straits. The crew escaped in boats, and were picked up at sea after great suffering.

DAMAGE BY FLOODS.

Great damage was done the floods in the vicinity of Canton.

GERMANY.

ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION.

BERLIN, September 2.—The anniversary of the surrender by Napoleon of the French army at Sedan was celebrated throughout Germany to-day. The festivities are of a patriotic character.

CONVOKED.

The Bavarian Landtag Chamber of representatives was convoked for September 20th.

THE GASTEIN CONFERENCE.

BERLIN, September 2.—The Prussian *Cross Gazette* states that the intention of sending to the diplomatic representatives of Germany abroad a circular communicating the character of the results arrived at in the negotiations at Gastein has been relinquished. Reassuring explanations will be sent only were disquietude is expressed.

WEST INDIES.

TOWN BURNED.

NEW YORK, September 3.—The steamer Tybee, from San Domingo, brings news that almost the entire business portion of Puerto Plata was destroyed by a conflagration on the 21st of August. The loss is estimated at $800,000, on which there was little or no insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown.

ITALY.

CABINET CHANGES.

FLORENCE, September 2.—It is said that some changes are to be made in the Italian Cabinet. Devincinsi will be probably be appointed Minister of Public Works, Ribbotti Mialster of Marine, and Gadda Prefect of Rome.

RUSSIA.

THE IMPERIAL FAMILY VISITING.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 3.—Grand Duke Alexis has sailed from Cronstadt in the frigate Swetland for the United States.

The Emper of Russia has gone to Caucasus, and the Empress to the Crimea.

SPAIN.

CARLIST RISING.

LONDON, September 2.—Madrid advices from the French frontier state that the Carlists have been ordered to report to their leaders on the 8th inst., to be ready for the rising against the government on the 10th inst.

IRELAND.

AMNESTY MEETING.

DUBLIN, September 2.—The amnesty meeting to be held to-morrow, from present indications, will be a monster demonstration in favor of the pardon of the imprisoned Fenians.

CANADA.

AMERICAN FISHING SCHOONER SEIZED

OTTAWA, ONT., September 2.—The American fishing schooner A. E. Harrison was seized yesterday on the coast of Nova Scotia.

TURKEY.

THE GRAND VIZIER'S HEALTH.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 2.—The condition of the Grand Vizier's health is again critical.

POLITICAL.

Letter from Senator Conklin to J. H. Griswold.

TROY, N. Y, September 2.—A letter from Rascoe Conklin to J. H. Griswold is published to-day, in which Senator says that the Republicans of the State are not divided Republicans will desert their cause mereupon any principle at stake now, or upon any practical measure, and asks if the by because loaves have not come to their baskets or fishes to their nets. A few years ago it was an odious reputation to charge that politics depended upon spoils, and it cannot be possible now that men will plot against the cause because the offices are too few to go around.

The Senator adds: For my part, there is no Republican whom I cannot take cordially by the hand and labor with shoulder to shoulder in the work before us for General Grant. This would be my position even without my strong regard for him and confidence in him personally. He has made a better President than you and I when we voted for him had any right to expect, and he is a better President every day than he was the day before. He has given the country the best practical administration in many respects we have had for a quarter of a century, and the people know it. With General Grant as a candidate our success is assured with any other candidate success is not certain, and hence the nomination and re-election of General Grant seems to me a foregone conclusion. In the State of New York, more than anywhere else, the path of the Republicans appears plain and their duty urgent. Here is the greatest free State in Christendom given over to rascals, a prey to a horde of thieves who are infesting our chief city, a disgrace to humanity, and the widow of the wealthiest commonwealth, by their pestilential profligacy. These plunderers have seized upon the State Government, Legislature, and all municipal agencies of the city of New York, and hitherto they have tampered with our party organizations, also debauching and controlling them. The question facing us is, whether this degrading, flagitious sway shall cease or be perpetuated and fortified anew. Every one knows that the fittest step toward a remedy or reform is to nominate the best men into the Republican party, and elect them to the Legislature and to executive offices of State, and yet men stand talking about Federal patronage and differences among the leaders and personal feelings between individuals, and the like. What have such things to do with duty at this hour? What do people care about them? What should they care? Of what public consequence are personal aims and objects and mishaps to individuals? For one, if I can know how, by act or omission, I have given just offence to any man, I ought to go, and will go, and make any amends in my power; but I insist that all who are in earnest should go to work and keep at work. It is high time to be done with unprofitable things, signifying nothing, and productive only of harm. The best way to do a thing is to do it. Talking may be good, but talking about what we are willing to do and what might be done when there is but one straightforward thing to do, is not near so likely to help the Republican party as to take right hold, honestly and squarely, as men should who believe in what they are about and mean it. We shall all be together in redeeming the State, I hope, and many good men will help who never helped us before.

Speech of General Early.

NEW YORK, September 3.—The following is a speech of General Early declining to serve on the Committee on Resolutions of the Virginia Conservative Convention;

MR. CHAIRMAN: I am a man of peculiar notions, and do not feel like suppressing all my thoughts. When I came to this convention I believed it was to be a meeting of white Virginia gentlemen, called together to discuss the present issues between two parties. Those which formerly divided Whigs and Democrats are dead, but there are living issues, the discussion of which ought to be suppressed. My old friend here [pointing to Wm. Smith] and I may not agree upon fighting a common enemy as we fought together during the war, but I see a determination to suppress freedom of speech, and to deprive myself and others of the liberty to discuss among questions that which should be discussed. Seeing this, although I will be with you when the fight takes place, I am willing to participate in any of the proceedings of this body, and I must ask to be excused from acting on the committee to which I have been appointed.

NEW YORK.

The Eight Hour Law—Verdict Rendered—Political Notes—Charged with Abduction—The Joint Committee—Horse Disease—The Steamboat Law—The Quarantine Frauds—Rents for City Armories—Honorably Discharged—Westfield Explosion—Rosenzweig Case—Catholic Teachers Dismissed—Official Visit to Sing Sing—Flood in the Passaic River—Council of Political Reform—Bond Purchases and Gold Sales.

NEW YORK, September 3, 1871.

THE EIGHT HOUR LAW.

At a meeting of the Workingmen's Union last night, the committee appointed to visit the new Postoffice building to ascertain if any laborers upon it were working according to the provisions of the eight hour law, reported that they were employed ten and fifteen hours, and that the Superintendent said he was acting under orders from Washington, in the case.

POLITICAL NOTES.

Horace Greeley this morning publishes a reply to the late communication of the Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, A. B. Cornell, in which he asserts that the action of the State Central Committee in directing the re-organization of the party in this city was an unwarrantable interference with the local organization, and was founded on a desire to advance the interests of federal office holders, rather than the interests of the Republican party. The conduct of the Central Committee has not tended to secure any adjustment of local differences, which should properly be determined by the State Convention. The charge of Mr. Cornell, that Mr. Greeley's Committee was made up mainly of Republican office holders under the city government, is answered by the charge that of the one hundred and forty-seven delegates elected to Cornell's General Committee, upward of fifty-one are federal office holders. Mr. Greeley, in conclusion, demands a retraction of the falsehoods contained in Cornell's letters.

The Fourteenth ward German Democratic Committee, at a meeting held last night, endorsed the action of the German General Committee, and demanded an investigation into the administration of the city government. Similar action was taken by the German Democratic organization of the Sixteenth ward. At another German Democratic meeting last evening, measures were discussed looking to the consolidation of the German vote in the approaching election.

At a meeting of the leaders of the Democratic Union party, held last evening, Congressman Roosevelt presiding, it was decided to give a political reform meeting, to be held next week, and the names of several prominent Democrats are announced as speakers.

The Local Republican Custom House Association, at the meeting on last evening, endorsed President Grant, and denounced the Tammany Hall Republicans.

THE WESTFIELD EXPLOSION.

The indictments found against the President and Superintendent of the Staten Island Ferry Company, and the engineer of the Westfield, are for manslaughter in the third degree. The indictments against James K. Matthews, United States Inspector of Boilers, is for manslaughter in the fourth degree. There is a great deal of speculation already as to whether trials will actually be had. The probability of a plea of guilty being made by the accused is being strongly talked of. It is feared on the other hand, the Ferry Company being a powerful and wealthy corporation, that influences may be brought to bear which might in a measure delay the ends of justice, and allow the indicted to escape without the full penalties of their crime. On this point a leading newspaper editorially says that any indirect influence which may be exerted in their favor will be resented by the public as a betrayal of the most momentous trusts, and will excite such a burst of indignation as will more than outweigh any advantage to be gained from the side of the criminals.

ROSENZWEIG CASE.

There have been no new developments touching the Rosenzweig abortion case. Miss Bewsby has been removed from the Morgue to Hart's Island, where she was interred. There were no friends, not even a sister, present, to shed a tear over the grave of the unfortunate girl. Her relatives, however, have announced it as their intention to remove her remains to Paterson when the approach of cold weather will enable them to do so. At the Coroner's inquest the evidence was clear and conclusive upon the important points of the doctor's identity with ascher, the admission of the girl to his den, and the removal of the trunk form here with her body. The mysterious woman who had charge of the trunk is not yet been discovered, but her presence and testimony are no longer absolutely necessary to a conviction of the doctor. The police, however, are still on the alert to find additional evidence.

THE QUARANTINE FRAUDS.

One of the bills rendered to Charles H. Marshall & Co., by the quarantine officials, in the case of the ship Wm. F. Hover, foots up the sum of $2,940 for boarding patients in the hospital, miscellaneous and medical attendance. This account does not include the expense of towing or the charge of maintaining the crew and two hundred and fifty passengers during ten days, nor the charge for meat, for which five hundred dollars was paid at one time. Messrs. Marshall & Co., are the gentlemen who recently preferred charges against the quarantine officials before Governor Hoffman, whose reply stated that it did not pertain to his office to take action in the premises.

CHARGED WITH ABDUCTION.

One John T. Kelley yesterday charged D. S. Young with having abducted his daughters. At the hearing of the case, before Justice Dowling, it appeared that Young had procured board for the young ladies in the house of a police inspector. One of the girls was produced, who said that her father was trying to force her into the Convent of the Holy Cross against her wishes. The Justice recommitted her to the care of her father, who at once sent her to the Convent. The alleged abductor has not been seen for several days.

THE REFORM MEETING.

There is every indication that the political reform meeting to be held on Monday night will be numerously attended, and that its conclusions will be such as its promoters desire. The names appended to the call comprise the most prominent men of the city. It is not known who will address the meeting, but it is thought that addresses will be made only by men whose past political affiliations can afford no basis for the slightest suspicions as to the motives of their conduct.

VERDICT RENDERED.

At the coroner's investigation into the cause of the death of Walter S. Conklin, the supposed seducer of Miss Bowlesby, who was found dead with a bullet in his brain on Thursday, at Paterson, the jury yesterday brought in a verdict "that he came to his death from a pistol shot, but whether from his own hand or by some other person's unknown," the jury were unable to state.

THE JOINT COMMITTEE.

The clerk of the Joint Committee of the Board of Supervisors and Aldermen believes that all gentlemen designated as coworkers in the examination of the city accounts will consent to serve. Royal Phelps, Paul N. Spafford, Thomas W. Pearsall and William A. Booth have already signified their acceptance. A meeting is announced to take place at an early date.

RENTS FOR THE CITY ARMORIES.

A Republican journal published a statement of rents paid for city armories, from which it appears that fourteen armories are rented at a yearly cost of $190,600. It is declared that on the most liberal estimate the places are actually worth but $44,000. It also appears that $85,500 are yearly paid out for armories that are not occupied at all.

HONORABLY DISCHARGED.

General Ryan, who was arrested yesterday on a charge of passing a worthless check on Oliver D. Taylor, has been honorably discharged, having shown that the check had been previously paid. Ryan denies that he was going to New Orleans, and says his arrest was the result of a conspiracy.

A PROCURESS ARRESTED.

Sadie C. Clelland, a procuress for 81 West Thirty-first street, was arrested this evening for enticing nine girls to leave here on the steamer City of Galveston to enter houses of ill-fame in Galveston. Minnie Freeman and Miss Clelland jumped ashore after the vessel got under way.

THE HORSE DISEASE.

The Brooklyn City Railway Co. has lost forty-two horses from cerebro spinal meningitis, and the Atlantic Avenue line six horses. The disease has made its appearance this week in a large number of private stables.

THE STEAMBOAT LAW.

The Supervising Inspector of the Second District has sent out a circular calling on local inspectors to rigidly enforce the steamboat law.

ANOTHER VICTIM GONE.

Another of the injured of Brooklyn by the Westfield explosion, Francis Haggarty, expired this morning at his residence in that city.

DIED.

John Rully died from the effects of a wound inflicted by his wife during a quarrel on Thursday night.

ARRIVED.

The steamship Deutschland, from Bremen, arrived this afternoon.

NEW YORK, September 3, 1871.

OFFICIAL VISIT TO SING SING.

The Grand Jury of Westchester county visited Sing Sing prison yesterday, for the purpose of making an investigation in regard to the escape of convicts. A number are understood to have expressed themselves unfavorably in regard to the management of affairs in the prison, feeling assured that a great deal of laxity of discipline existed, but on learning that by the present law only forty guards are allowed to watch the movements of the prisoners, and only twenty-five of these are available at a time, and that the only three guards posts on the long shore front, they were only surprised that a far greater number of convicts didn't succeed in effecting their escape.

COUNCIL OF POLITICAL REFORM.

The New York City Council of Political Reform is procuring the enrollment of all right minded citizens for the purpose of correcting public abuses, securing the competent and righteous administration of the city and State government, and to put in nomination for office only intelligent and incorruptable citizens. Measures are in progress to secure the co-operation of all clergymen in the State in the work. It is found that three-ninths of the voters of the State are in Protestant churches. The movement originated with this class, and its management has been principally chosen from it. Funds are solicited for carrying on the work, and contributions can be sent to the Treasurer, Henry Lewis, 32 Wall street. Among the Executive Committee are W. F Havemeyer, Robt. Hoe, Geo. B. Putnam, Dexter A. Hawkins and Hooper C. Vanverst.

A FLOOD.

The Passaic river is at an unprecedented height for this season, and one of the abutments of the beautiful iron bridge above the Passaic Falls yesterday gave way, endangering the whole structure, which is a single span. The overflow has created immense damage and washed away all the hay stacks from the great level known as Big Piece, in Morris county, for a mile and one thousand acres were yesterday under water.

ORGAN GRINDERS DEFENDED.

The organ grinders and other Italian itinerants of New York were defended at a meeting held yesterday in opposition to one which had been announced to take place at Germania Hall, but was postponed. The formation of an Italian Labor Bureau was suggested.

INSANE WOMAN ARRESTED.

Two women named Margaret Heckory and Mary Burne yesterday arrived in Jersey City from Cincinnati, intending to take the City of Paris for Liverpool, when one of them was discovered to be insane and was arrested.

BOND PURCHASE AND GOLD SALES.

The Assistant Treasurer at New York will buy one million bonds each Wednesday, and sell two millions of gold each Thursday during this month.

CATHOLIC TEACHERS DISMISSED.

The Superintendent of Schools in Long Island City has dismissed all Catholic teachers, and Protestants have been appointed in their places.

THE TURF.

Lady Thorne at Fleet wood and trotting again. It is believed she will regain her former speed.

FIRE.

A fire this afternoon destroyed Bromhorst & Co's. planing mill 140 Attorney street. Loss $26,000; insurance $19,000.

CHICAGO.

The Christ Church Troubles.

CHICAGO, September 2.—Albert Crane, Jr., warden of Christ Church, prints in the evening papers a column and a half in reply to the recent letter of Bishop Whitehouse, of the same length, in which he gives his version of the affair, and in many essential particulars controverts the statements made by the Bishop in his account of the interview between the two. Mr. Crane closes his letter as follows:

"I may add that all through this controversy, and especially since my correspondence and interview with you, a member of your family has frequently and in the most public places, upon the charges, discussed all these questions, and announced that you would be in possession of Christ church, and finally made a wager of money about the matter of the services as to who will perform them on September 10th. I do not make this statement of my own knowledge, but have been so informed again and again by many gentlemen whose word is beyond impeachment. I cannot hold you responsible for another's action. It has often seemed that you very freely communicated information which it might possibly have been better to withhold. In conclusion let me say, it is not, as I esteem it, of very much moment what was said by us at that interview. The great question remains to be met. It is so palpable that I am sure you understood that there can be no mistaking it. You have pronounced the Rev. Charles E. Cheney as disgraced from the ministry of the Church of God. The officers of Christ Church say that the trial, proceedings and sentences are all invalid, and that the Rev. Charles E. Cheney is a minister, and that they shall stand by him in the Episcopal Church, if they may—out of it if they must. They say that while your father was trying to force her into the Convent of the Holy Cross against her wishes. The Justice recommitted her to the care of her father, who at once sent her to the Convent. The alleged abductor has not been seen for several days.

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SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

THE CAPITAL.

Appointments.

KANSAS SQUATTERS.

The Weather Report.

A NEW TORPEDO BOAT.

WASHINGTON, September 2, 1871.

APPOINTMENTS.

The President has appointed the following postmasters: Wm. Weldon, Iowa Falls. Reappointed—E. L. McAllesile, Champaign, Ill.; James W. Patterson, Humboldt, Kansas, and Emerson J. P. Taylor, Bozeman, Montana.

KANSAS SQUATTERS.

It is thought that Executive measures will soon be taken ordering Kansas squatters who have settled on a portion of the Indian territory to vacate it, under certain pains and penalties, the land having been set apart for the sole use of the Indians.

DENIAL.

A. H. Stephens, in Friday's Atlanta *Sun*, indignantly denies the charge that he is the suthor of the pamphlet entitled "Concession, or How the Lost Cause May be Regained and the Independence of the South Secured."

WASHINGTON, September 3, 1871.

THE WEATHER.

The barometer continues highest in West Virginia, as on Saturday afternoon. It has fallen rapidly during the day from Lake Superior to Kansas, with fresh southerly winds, and has risen in New England. Winds have generally diminished in the lake region, but continues easterly in the Southern and Gulf States. Cloudiness is now reported from the Rocky Mountain stations, and has continued on the eastern Gulf coast with occasional rains, with threatening weather in the interior of Louisiana and Texas. The temperature has fallen from Lake Michigan to Kentucky, but has risen very generally elsewhere.

Probabilities—The barometer will probably fall on Monday from New York and the Atlantic coast to the Mississippi river, and still more so from Lake Superior southwestward. Pleasant weather will probably continue without important change from Lake Huron to Tennessee and eastward; cloudy weather with occasional rain on the immediate Gulf coast; increasing cloudiness from Illinois to Kansas and northwards, and possibly a few local rains for the latter region.

THE NEW TORPEDO BOAT.

The torpedo boat which will be built at the Washington Navy Yard is to be named Robeson. It will be one hundred and seventy-five feet long, with thirty-five feet beam. Her hull will be of iron, only three feet of which will be out of water. This exposed part, however, will be armor plated with five inch iron, backed with wood. She will be propelled by twin screws, and her engines are to drive her fourteen knots per hour, the minimum speed. The only rigging she will have, which is a fair weather arrangement, altogether consists of two masts, schooner rigged. According to the proportion of work done in our yards now, it will take, by close calculation, 600 men one year to build her, most of whom will be iron workers. The torpedo will contain one hundred pounds of powder, attached to an iron beam, which will protrude from the bow below the water line. This beam will be twenty-five feet long, and so adjusted as to be forced out by hand from a water tight compartment through packing. It will be worked by hand instead of steam, as any unexpected obstruction could be more easily detected in that way than otherwise. It is intended, when orders are given to that effect, that the torpedo boat shall make straight under a full head of steam for an enemy's ship, and run well under her and exploded the same by electricity, the beam being withdrawn at the same time. The boats will be of comparatively light draught, requiring only eleven and a half feet of water.

NEW MEXICO.

Fatal Election Affray.

SANTA FE, N. M., September 3.—This morning's *Post* contains the following correspondence from La Mesilla, in the southern part of this Territory. The election excitement in this valley culminated to-day in one of the most fearful affrays ever witnessed here. It is no exaggeration to say that the plaza has been literally drenched in human blood to the present writing, Sunday evening, August 27th, it is known that seven persons were killlled, while it is estimated that the wounded will reach as high as thirty, of whom seven or eight are mortally injured. From five o'clock this afternoon until six the plaza resounded with pistol shots, groans, yells and execrations. For fully fifteen minutes the firing was tucessant, and continued during the rest of the hour.

The Republican and Democratic parties had each selected to-day as the most suitable time for a grand campaign. At an early hour this morning both parties commenced their preparations. The leading men were evidently desirous of avoiding a disturbance, and the respective parties formed in procession and passed each other's place of meeting without outbreaks, and nothing happened until after the meetings had adjourned. At five P. M. both parties met in the Plaza of the Exchange defiantly *vis a vis*. A pistol shot was fired, when a general fight ensued. Men, women and children hurried to their houses, but the fight was kept up from windows and housetops. The dead and wounded were falling on all sides. Hon. John Simon, Republican candidate for Judge, was the first killed. The balance of the killed and wounded were mostly Mexicans.

Another fight took place at Anto Rico, near Los Vegas, in which two were killed and six or seven wounded. The people are terribly excited here, but every thing is being done to preserve peace and good order.

GOVERNOR INAUGURATED.

Hon. Marsh Gidding, the new Governor of this territory, arrived here and was inaugurated yesterday. He was serenaded last evening by one of the largest assemblages ever known in this city. He made a speech, which was received with great enthusiasm.

WHEELING.

Destructive Fire.

WHEELING, September 3.—The Wheeling Iron and Nail Company's mills, situated at the upper end of the city, were totally destroyed by fire this afternoon. The fire originated in the extreme southern end of the works. The building being entirely of wood, and very dry, they burned with great rapidity. This was one of the largest mills in the west. It contained ninety-six nail machines, and all necessary rolls and furnaces for manufacturing the nails. In addition to the nail mill, they operated a large bar iron department. Everything was totally destroyed. The fire originated in a portion of the building in which there had been no fire since Saturday noon. Fully three hundred men are thrown out of employment by the disaster. Loss $300,000; insurance $120,000.

UTAH.

Mining News.

SALT LAKE, September 2.—Sixty-two thousand dollars from Peache, and ten thousand five hundred dollars from Opher, in silver bullion, was forwarded by Wells, Fargo & Co., this week, to New York. There is an average of one hundred and fifty bars of base bullion received daily from Tintic. There are highly encouraging reports from Little Cottonwood. Two thousand dollars was offered for the mine which was only discovered four weeks ago. Gold placer diggings were found near the Emma mine. Five hundred dollars was got out by one man in two days.

MORTALITY.

There is a universal mortality among children. Eight deaths occurred yesterday.

AQUATIC.

The Late Single Scull Race.

HALIFAX, September 2.—In the single scull race yesterday Brown entered a protest on the ground that Sadler ran across his bow several times. The umpires decided in favor of Sadler, that by the racing rules he could, at his own risk, take Brown's water, stating, however, that that style of racing has always been discountenanced at Halifax. They also decide against Renforth's crew's protest of foul in the four-cared race against the American crew's claim for second place.

On the invitation of the Admiral, Renforth's crew visited the ships Royal, Alfred and Raccoon.

The sum of £450 was added to the relief fund to-day.

SARATOGA INTERNATIONAL REGATTA.

SARATOGA, N. Y., September 2.—The entries for the Saratoga International Regatta, to take place on the 9th and 11th of September, closed yesterday, with the following four oared crews: Ward brothers, Cornwall, New York; Biglin crew, New York; McKee crew, Pittsburgh; Tyne crew, England; Taylor-Winship crew, New Castle-on-Tyne; Duchess county crew, Poughkeepsie; Buffalo Boat Club, Buffalo. Single sculls: Henry Coulter, John Biglin, Joseph Kays, of the Biglin crew; Ellis Ward and Gilbert Ward, of the Ward brothers crew; Bright, Kelley, Chambers and Percy, of the Tyne crew; Jos. H. Sadler and Robert Bagnall, of the Taylor-Winship crew; John Hancom, of Cornwall, N. Y., and John McCready, of New York City.

SARATOGA, September 3.—The Pittsburgh crew arrived here last night, and have gone into quarters at the Lake House. The Pricer crew has been entered for the race, making eight to start in the four-cared contest.

THE REGATTA AT PUT-IN-BAY.

SANDUSKY, O., September 3.—The arrangements for the great International Regatta at Put-in-Bay, on the 6th and 7th of September are rapidly being completed. Already nineteen yachts have been entered, and more are reported on the way. The local crews at Put-in-Bay will make extensive arrangements to accomodate the visitors and yachtmen. A grand complimentary ball will be given in honor of the yachtmen on Wednesday evening, the 6th. A large number of Canadian gentlemen, including prominent officers of the English navy, will be present.

A CHALLENGE.

ST. JOHNS, September 2.—The Taylor-Winship crew have offered to make a match with the Paris crew for five hundred pounds a side, to be rowed at Springfield, Mass., in October, provided the St. Johns' men pay the Englishmen five hundred dollars for expenses. The St. Johns' crew are willing to make a match, but refuse to pay their applicants' expenses.

REGATTA AT MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, September 2.—The programme for the regatta comprises nine races, a four oared race for $1,000—$2,50 to the second boat.

THE LATE RACE.

HALIFAX, N. S. September 3.—Several citizens offered to back Brown against Sadler to row over the same course within thirty days for any sum from $1,000 to $10,000. Sadler refused the offer. The wrong has been done here that Brown would have won the scull race yesterday had Sadler not taken his water.

LEFT FOR SARATOGA.

The Taylor, Renforth and American crews left to-day for Saratoga. Before leaving the Americans were presented with a purse by friends here.

THE INQUEST.

The inquest on Renforth's remains will be resumed on Monday.

LOUISVILLE.

The Public Schools.

LOUISVILLE, September 2.—The fall term of the public schools of Louisville opens on Monday next. The school board have leased Glover's skating rink, and will use it as a female high school, pending the erection of a large and handsome building for that purpose.

THE SLEEPING CAR MURDER.

A letter from a sleeping car conductor on the Mississippi Central Railway relative to the suicide and attempted murder, said to have happened in his car on Monday evening, gives the following account of the incident. The occurrence took place in the ladies' car of the train at Jackson, Tennessee. A passenger left his wife's side and went into the saloon. Just after starting from the station the man came out and returned to his wife, who was asleep. She rose up and began shouting "murder." The man had cut his throat and had a razor in his hand. The sleeping car conductor heard the cries of the woman and ran into the car, when the man dropped the razor and told him he had killed himself. The train conductor was notified, and the pair were taken off and left at Jackson, Tenn. The wound did not prove fatal, and the man is recovering. No name is given and no reason is known for the act.

CRIMINALS.

There are ten persons now confined in Louisville Jail on a charge of murder, two for highway robbery, one for rape, and one for infanticide. There are two sentenced to be hung for murder, Henry Kean and Matt Shannahan; three are sentenced to the Penitentiary for manslaughter, Joe Bougham, Mike Ammon and John Moore, and Mrs. Mollie Prentice sentenced to ten years in the Penitentiary for infanticide.

DIED OF INJURIES.

Edward Preston was crushed on Friday last, by a large stone falling on his head while at work in a stone quarry at Moorehill, Ind., and he died yesterday from the effects of his injuries. He leaves a wife and five children in destitute circumstances.

POLITICAL.

A private letter is said to have been received here from Ex Secretary of the Navy Gideon Wells in which he announces himself strongly in favor of Governor B. Gratz Brown for President.

SAN FRANCISCO.

New Silver Mines.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 2.—By advices from Tucson, Arizona, dated August 26th, it is learned that there have been new and rich silver discoveries in the vicinity of Prescott.

INDIAN TROUBLES.

The Apache campaign, owing to the alleged interference of the Peace Commissioners, was a total failure, but the campaign of the Apaches against the white settlements has been prosecuted with encouraging success.

San Diego is greatly excited by fresh reports of threatened attacks on the settlement by the combined tribes of Southern California. The settlers are forming volunteer forces.

SHIP'S CREW SAVED.

The brig Hattie Jackson, from the Arctic Ocean, reports the saving of Captain Barker, the first, second and fourth mates, the cooper, five boat steerers and five sailors of the British bark Japan, wrecked on the East coast in October last. The third mate and eight men were lost. Captain Barker and crew wintered at Clover Bay.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 3.—The steamer Golden Horn, from Australlia, is now a week overdue.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

The Indian troubles in Southern California are over, the ursurping Chief Olgario having met the Indian Commissioner and agreed to submit the question to a vote of the tribe and disavowed all intention of an attack on the whites.

CASUALTIES.

Detroit and Milwaukee R. R.

DETROIT, September 2.—The baggage and two emigrant cars of the night express going west, on the Detroit & Milwaukee Railway, were thrown from the track this morning, two miles from Linden station. One lady, name unknown, had her neck broken. Seventeen emigrants were wounded, and are being cared for at Linden. The cause of the accident is unknown.

IRON MOUNTAIN R. R.

ST. LOUIS, September 2.—

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

MONDAY, SEPT. 4, 1871.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE.

AUDITOR GENERAL.
DAVID STANTON, of Beaver Co.
SURVEYOR GENERAL.
ROBT. S. BEATH, of Schuylkill Co.

COUNTY.

STATE SENATORS:
JAMES L. GRAHAM.
MILES S. HUMPHREYS.
ASSEMBLY:
First District—JAMES TAYLOR.
Second District—M. EDWARDS.
Third District—JOHN GILFILLAN.
D. N. WHITE.
H. K. SAMPLE.
J. W. BALLANTINE.
ALEX. MILLAR.
CONTROLLER—HENRY WARNER.
TREASURER—SAMUEL KILGORE.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—THOMAS M. BAYNE.
ASSIST. DISTRICT ATTORNEY—J. B. FLACK.
COMMISSIONERS—JOSEPH DILWORTH.
JAMES McGUNIGLE.
SURVEYOR—ROBERT CLUGSTON.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR—J. G. MURRAY.

CITY.

MAYOR—B. W. MORGAN.
TREASURER—C. L. MAGEE.
CONTROLLER—R. J. McGOWAN.

BONDS at Frankfort, 95¼@96c.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 50f.

GOLD closed in New York Saturday at 112¾@113.

NOW THAT the exciting municipal primary election is over, let us all give our attention to our State and county ticket. We want Allegheny county to roll up a majority in October of at least ten thousand.

IN THE village of Chimochon, in Konigsberg, Prussia, out of a total population of 479, there have been 78 cases of cholera, 46 of whom died. This is one out of every six of the population, and one death out of every ten inhabitants.

ALFRED KERR, ESQ., most respectfully declines the honor of the Democratic nomination for Assistant District Attorney. Mr. Kerr is a gentleman with too good judgment to permit himself to be sacrificed on any such ticket. Although a little out of order, we officially and authoratively announce that he is not in the field as a candidate.

COL. JAMES M. SWANK, of Johnstown, Cambria county, formerly engaged on the GAZETTE, has received the appointment of Chief Clerk of the Department of Agriculture. He is thoroughly competent, and scrupulously exact and methodical in all that he undertakes to do. We congratulate him on this recognition of his capacity and sterling virtues.

BY A CAREFUL ESTIMATE made by competent dealers in carpets, it has been ascertained that thirteen thousand three hundred dollars would pay for all the carpets, furnished by the Tammany Ring for the court house and offices in New York. Instead of this amount, the carpet bill paid, was THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. The amount deposited to the credit of somebody on account of carpets, is therefore three hundred and thirty-six thousand dollars.

SENATOR JOHN SCOTT, chairman of the Ku-Klux investigating Committee, has presented a partial report, with accompanying documents to the President. A cabinet meeting was convened on the subject, when the papers were referred to the Attorney General, who will report the law on the subject. It is probable that the President will [illegible] a proclamation, on all bands of Ku-Klux [illegible]erse, and possibly declaring certain portions of the South under martial law. This authority was given him by the late act of Congress on the subject; and the Committee of Investigation was appointed to examine into the condition of the South, and report. They have done so, and steps will at once be taken to preserve order throughout the disorderly portions of the reconstructed States. It may be necessary to do no more than issue the proclamation.

THE primary meetings held last Saturday by the Republicans of Pittsburgh were very orderly and well conducted, and the result appears to afford very general satisfaction. The vote was larger than what has heretofore been polled in the various Republican districts, but inasmuch as all the members of the various boards charged with the conduct of the elections were solemnly sworn, no suspicion of fraud can be well founded or sustained. It now remains for all good Republicans to put their shoulders to the wheel and work for the success of the ticket presented. The Democrats [illegible] hard fight to elect [illegible]pose making a stre[illegible]otwithstanding his personal [illegible]gth and popularity, he can be easily defeated if our own ranks hold together and vote for Capt. B. W. Morgan, whose large majority over all other candidates for the same office in the field proclaims him pre-eminently the choice of the Republican party for Mayor. Now that our ticket is made up, no Republican should become apathetic or indifferent; for no matter how large our majority may be in the city, it will require good, strong, hard work to save all our candidates. Let the canvass commence at once and continue until every candidate is elected to the position to which nominated.

MR. TILTON has much faith in fashion, as why, indeed, should he not, having been the fashion himself. He thinks that *Harper's Bazar* should be sent to Utah, by way of a tract against polygamy. The idea is not an unpleasant one, although the source is. Imagine the horror of some comfortable patriarch, sitting under the shadows of his own vine and fig-tree in Salt Lake City, if his half dozen wives and half score of grown up daughters were to assail him and insist upon being, at once, provided with such gear as is depicted in the truly wonderful colored plates in the magazines of Mr. Godey and Madame Demorest! Think of the financial perplexity which must needs sieze even the imperial Sultan Brigham, himself, if three score and ten or perhaps four score of his sealed and unsealed affinities should simultaneously insist upon outfits suitable for ladies so highly distinguished as to be his Sultanas! The only wonder is that Wall street has not worked up this idea ere this. A packet of fashion books would cost but little, and they would work upon the bosoms of Mesdames and Mesdemoiselles Young, who in turn would lacerate the broad breast of the old gentleman. He being the chief depositor in the Bank of England, in order to purchase peace and alleviate the misery existing in so many tender bosoms, would be obliged to draw his little balance from the British institution; panic would result in London and react in New York, and the original purchaser of the fashion books, having foreseen the result and judiciously invested his little all, would quickly reap the profits of his forethought. We offer the refusal of the idea to Mr. Tilton, hoping he may realize money enough from it to buy salve for his wounded feelings, should no college take his very plain hint in the case of *Golden Age* and flatter him with an honorary D. D.

THE RESULT.

The struggle is over. The primary meetings have been held and a result reached. Never before have we passed through a more exciting municipal campaign, or one in which the masses were more immediately interested. Of course all cannot be pleased with the result; but disappointment must not couple itself with dissatisfaction. Those who wished for a different termination of the elections should cheerfully acquiesce in the will of the majority, and, forgetting past prejudices, lend themselves towards electing the ticket nominated. Harmony in the party is essential to success in the election. The only hope the Democracy has for success, is that based on dissension in the Republican ranks. United, our party is master of the situation. Divided, the door is thrown open for the opposition to walk in and secure victory. We accept the ticket—Benjamin W. Morgan, for Mayor, Christopher L. Magee, for City Treasurer, and R. J. McGowan, for City Controller—as the choice of a large plurality of Republican voters, and promise it a hearty and cordial support. They are all good and worthy men, and, if elected, will make creditable and efficient officers.

SOMETHING AGREEABLE.

The monthly debt statement is at hand promptly, as usual. The decrease of the National Debt for the month of August is $9,206,279. The decrease since May 4th, 1869, the commencement of General Grant's term of office, is $251,340,699. Since March of this year $46,586,286, and this in the face of a reduction of more than eighty millions in the taxes. Mr. Boutwell has announced on the stump that he will advocate a further reduction of taxation at the next session of Congress, amounting to at least fifty millions more. By a faithful collection of all the custom duties, and internal revenues, it is estimated that after this additional reduction of the taxes, the debt can be paid off, through the gradual increase of the country, in less than twenty-five years. At the present rate of reduction say $100,000,000 per annum, we shall be free of debt in less than twenty years. But it is not the best policy, nor does the administration sanction it, to redeem it too rapidly. We have proved our abilities to meet it, and pay it off ultimately, which for a time was doubted by a few Democratic croakers, and it is not right to tax the present generation too heavily, to rid the country of a debt contracted in the establishment of our present free government, with slavery eradicated, and common schools everywhere possible, under which our children, and their posterity shall continue to reap abundant prosperity and happiness, and the nation will grow in greatness and power. Therefore the administration of President Grant will ask for a further reduction in the taxes, so that the present generation will be relieved, and a portion of the debt be left to the care of those who will come after us. This is wise, and will meet with universal approval. The efforts of the Government will be directed toward the funding of the debt at a lower rate of interest, and thus lighten our burdens. The debt bearing interest now amounts to less than $2,000,000,000, and this amount at four and one-half per cent. will require annually, in interest only $90,000,000. At the close of the war our interest account amounted to about $150,000,000 a year. We met it promptly, besides paying off the army, and still supporting thousands of clerks, officers, quartermasters, etc., who have since been discharged. By economically conducting all of the departments of the Government and faithfully collecting, and applying the revenues, we stand to-day stronger, than we ever stood before. Our [illegible] with avidity [illegible]y, by the money kings of the world, and are quoted to-day, at London, higher than the ever popular national consol of England. Is this not something to be proud of? Does not the heart of the patriot beat faster and warmer, and our reverence for our dear old flag grow, as we contemplate these things, and the glorious future that awaits our country?

GARBLING.

In our issue of Friday, we charged our Democratic cotemporary with "garbling" our articles, and dared it to print them entire. In its issue of Saturday it denies that it ever "garbled" a single extract from our columns, and challenges us to the proof. Noah Webster gives this meaning to the word garble—"to pick, or select such parts of, as may serve a purpose; to mutilate; to corrupt; as, to garble a quotation." Now see how easily we shall prove our neighbor guilty of [illegible] charge. It has frequently cut [illegible] article which appeared [illegible] from an some time ago, th[illegible] in our paper "the suppo[illegible]e following extract,—de[illegible]ssed defalcation of Evans is no [illegible]ication at all." It suppresses the fact that in that same article, we stated we wrote with all the facts before us that we could obtain, and added that

"We do not find anything else of this defalcation. The trial which is being brought against the State agent may develop further information, or a different state of affairs entirely from the above, but until then, we prefer to believe the matter as we have stated it.—*Pittsburgh* GAZETTE.

Now this proved that we were judging in the light of the facts we then had, and intimated that our mind was subject to a change, if future revelations should result in proving Evans a real defaulter. We ask the *Post* if it so represented us? Did it not print one extract from our article, at the same time suppressing another which plainly indicated our belief that our present convictions were liable to a change upon proof, which, in the event of further investigation, might be forthcoming? But this is not all, we are misrepresented since, even worse than in the above instance, by our neighbor—witness. After intimating as above that our opinions might be changed, upon the production of further evidence that Evans was a defaulter, we printed on the 31st of August the following words in a column editorial, wherein we gave the result of the latest investigations, and recited at length, the grounds and proofs which had caused us to change our mind in reference to the crimes charged against Evans:

We have waited for this investigation, before we would permit ourselves to condemn State Agent George O. Evans, or anybody else. We have now received such indubitable evidence that we are prepared to say he is not only a defaulter to the State in a large amount, but he is at this moment a runaway from that justice which he has outraged.—*Gazette*, August 31.

And further:

If Evans is alone in his defalcation, or if he has accomplices, let the truth be known no matter who it exposes.—*Gazette*, August 31.

And again:

This is a direct and positive violation of the specific agreement made with Auditor General Hartranft, and of itself is sufficient to prove him not only a defaulter but a downright thief. No chance is left him here to claim the right to hold his commission, as it had not, and so far has not been fixed, but on the contrary the Auditor General absolutely refused to allow him ten per cent.—*Gazette*, August 31.

But we need not add further extracts from that article, which so clearly and expleitly proved that our first position in the absence of decided evidence, was wrong, and that we had the candor to say so, after being convinced by the evidence which we printed.

After this—viz., in its issue of September 1st, the *Post*, *as usual*, came out with the old extract credited to the GAZETTE, as follows: "The supposed defalcation of Evans is no defalcation at all." Does the *Post* wish us to believe that it had not seen our article of the 31st, in which we pronounced Evans "a downright thief," "a defaulter," and "a runaway from justice?" If so, let us hear it say so. If this is not clearly making out our charge that our neighbor "garbles and misrepresents us," we are woefully mistaken; and our good opinion of our usually frank and generous contemporary induces us to believe that it will "acknowledge the corn." But we have further testimony that our articles are "garbled" by our neighbor, and we think we could cite a page of instances where it has done this same ungenerous and discourteous thing. Fight an opponent as hard as you can, but don't *stoop* to do that which is unmanly and mean. Stand up squarely, and toe the mark, like the courageous athlete, don't sneakingly crawl behind your enemy's back, and deal him a blow when he cannot defend himself. That is our doctrine, and when we cannot defend our cause in this manner, we will give it up, and acknowledge ourselves beaten. The world admires a brave, frank adversary, but despises a *sneak*. We don't want to think badly of our neighbor's tactics; therefore we trust it will discontinue its mode of warfare.

In discussing the position which Mr. Joseph Dilworth, our candidate for Commissioner holds, on the license and liquor questions we said:

Mr. Dilworth is in favor of a just and proper enforcement of the laws on the subject, as upon all others. *He is in favor of granting licenses to all, who under the law, are entitled to them, always keeping in mind the public necessity, and the public safety.* He is not, as the *Post* charges, "a fanatical and radical temperance man," but the opposite of it. He is a TEMPERATE man in all of his ways, habits and methods, and for this reason he will make a Commissioner who will prove highly acceptable to all.

The *Post* has frequently alluded to a portion of this extract, that stating that Mr. D. was "not a radical and fanatical temperance man," and appealed to the Temperance men, as the *Post* was trying to make the people believe that he "WAS A TEMPERATE MAN, IN ALL OF HIS WAYS, HABITS AND METHODS." Did the *Post* ever print the last clause of this extract? Did it not frequently print the first clause of it, for the purpose of proving that *we claimed him as a whisky man*, asking at the same time cunningly whether the "Templars and Young Christians" could support him? Has it not appealed, both to the temperance voters, and to the anti-temperance, and by garbling our article, attempted by it to prove to one, that Dilworth was in the interest of whisky drinkers, and to the other that he was opposed to the granting of any licenses? Speaking of the class of "temperate men"

Those who do not oppose the *use*, but the *abuse* of liquor,

The GAZETTE said:

They say, as indeed what good citizen does not, that there are entirely too many low doggeries, where vile poisons are sold to the besotted and vicious. They say further that their own safety and protection demand that this number be reduced, and only those who are entitled to a license, through good character and the necessity of the people, receive them.

And of Mr. Dilworth,

He is in favor of restricting the sale of liquor, in order to prevent intoxication, and who is not, even among the Germans?

This we believe to be the position of that gentleman, on this question, and we think also, it is the conviction of every good citizen. In reference to the present law we said:

We think our present license law is a good one, and we rejoice that the people have secured the services of a board, who will honestly, and conscientiously execute it, in the interest of all the people, and not in the interest of any one class.

This is our belief, and [illegible] we have reproduced our article in the main. The *Post* has diligently attempted to teach that Dilworth would close up every drinking house in the county, in spite of the law and his sworn duty, and the next day has so garbled our words, that he is made to appear in antagonism with the "Young Christians," as it sneeringly calls the members of the Young Men's Christian Association. Now we are done. To any candid man we think we have made our charges of "garbling," by the *Post*, good. It was hardly necessary to do so, as it was apparent, almost every day. But our neighbor challenged us to the proof, and it is not for it, or us to say, whether it stands convicted or not. We leave that with the readers of the two journals. Will it print the above, so that its readers may know just where we, and Mr. Dilworth stand? We are safe in saying that IT DARE NOT. It fears the truth.

A GERMAN [illegible] IN LUCK.

He Plo[illegible]s Up $1,700 in Gold on His Farm.

From the Laclede (Mo.) Republican.

We have just come into possession of the facts in connection with one of those remarkable coincidents which appear more like romance than reality when presented to the public as an item of news. Soon after the close of the war, a German named Herman Schubert, who had served three years in the Eleventh Missouri Infantry, located with his family in Livingston county, on a small farm. Herman, like most of his countrymen, had a large family, and the malaria so prevalent in the bottom lands of Grand river affected them as it does other families. Sickness and ill-luck in various ways depleted Herman's purse, so that the struggle to keep the wolf from the door was lasting and severe. He was involved in debt, to commence with, having made but a small payment on his homestead, and a mortgage was recorded to secure the amount unpaid. Herman was one of these persevering Germans who have done so much toward developing the agricultural resources of the country, yet, persevere as he would, the payments he could not meet as they fell due. He who held the dread mortgage was fully convinced of the German's integrity, and was lenient to an unusual degree, but forbearance always ends, and so it did in this case. Herman's farm was offered for sale for debt. The gloom produced in that family by the sad event we will not attempt to describe. The care-stricken man made several attempts to raise money, but his friends were all hard up, too. Not one ray of hope gleamed on his prospects; still he plowed and toiled as though all were well. Now comes the astounding incident: The day that the farm was to be sold arrived. Herman went into the field to plow, as he had been doing for a few days past. For some unknown cause he was in buoyant spirits, notwithstanding the clouds hanging over his household. The land which he was plowing had at an early period been occupied by a Mormon family, judging from an object soon after exhumed by Herman's plow. The article in question was a pine box about two feet long by one foot deep, which had been buried about thirty years since, and when brought to the surface found almost decayed. But the contents of the box forms the subject of interest. Some articles of dress, papers, a Morman Bible, and a small tin box containing $1,700 in gold and $7.65 in silver were found.

The overjoyed man seized the box, rushed home, entered the house where his patient frau was engaged at her usual duties, and exclaimed: "Mein Gott in Himmel! if it pees mine I bays for de farm right avay." The frau and kinder soon took up the spirit of the occasion, and a scene of tumult ensued, seldom witnessed.

The neighbors were quickly apprised of the German's good fortune, and lost no time to visit him for the purpose of gratifying their curiosity or expressing their congratulations. One gentleman, however, we are informed, laid claim to the box, basing his right on the fact that his uncle once owned the farm whereon the valuable prize was found. The field in question had not been in cultivation for many years previous to Herman's taking possession of it. It was doubtless owned by a Mormon settler who skedaddled from this vicinity at the time these heretics were cleaned out by the Missourians.

THE President of the Chinese Christian Society at San Francisco, is Fong Nog. He is the second of that family to put in an appearance in this country, Egg being the first.

GENERALITIES.

THE New York *Times* says: The Pittsburgh *Gazette* claims that that city is the healthiest in the world. We do not know how that is, but it has long been notorious that visitors there are always well suited.

AMONG the lamp-lighters in Milwaukee, Wis., is a little girl, ten years old, who makes her rounds in all kinds of weather, and runs up the ladder like a squirrel, while her elderly mother watches for her safety below.

A LETTER from a fashionable summer resort says a young man is scarcely considered eligible unless he has lost his hair—this being received as an almost indisputable evidence that he has always moved in the best society.

THE Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser* shows the imperative necessity for a thorough cleaning of that city, to ward off pestilence, and says that never before have its streets and public squares been so neglected and filthy a condition.

A KENTUCKY BOY, who was badly bitten by a dog, applied three mad-stones, drank unmeasured quantities of whisky, and just before he died of hydrophobia, called in a physician, in the vain hope that he might then save him.

THE San Francisco *Alta* favors compulsory education, and suggests that the city might be authorized by the Legislature to purchase a ship, or construct a floating school, to be placed on the bay, where truant boys could be confined and educated.

THE Columbus *Democrat* says: "The mother of Dr. Norcross, of this village, is a rather remarkable instance of longevity and good health. She is ninety-six years old, and during a period equal to an ordinary lifetime she has never missed but two meals.

BY A brilliant arrangement at a Downeast watering-place, whither all the guests are conveyed by steamer, the boat whistle gives information of the number to arrive, blowing a long whistle for every ten and a short one for five persons. Dinner is prepared accordingly.

A LIVE rattlesnake, on its way by express to Cornell University, got out of its box in the Elmira depot on the 19th inst., and was discovered coiled and ready to spring. After careful skirmishing, it was killed by the messenger, who had been left in ignorance of the character of his freight.

THE Memphis *Avalanche* mildly remarks: "Within the last week the tones of the revolver, derringer and shot-gun have broken the stillness of our city's air three times, and the corresponding number of unfortunates now sleep in the valley. Verily it begins to look like the old times of 1864 and 1865."

A HARTFORD man keeps a box in which he regularly deposits his car fare when he walks to and from his place of business, as he now almost always does. The other day, at the close of a year, he opened it, and found he had $109.29. This he put in a savings bank, and keeps right on paying car-fare as before.

A RURAL Virginian, while in Richmond the other day, demanded of an acquaintance "What right the statue of Henry Clay had in that 'square?' and "What business had the Legislature lettin' it be put thar? What had Henry Clay ever done, that a statue of him should be made? He wasn't a Democrat!"

A BOY five years old fell from the window of a car in the Union Pacific passenger train just after it had left Cheyenne on Tuesday last, and while it was going about thirty miles an hour. The train was stopped and he was found alive, the only injury sustained being a few bruises and a thorough frightening.

A TRAIN-BOY on the Boston and Maine Railroad was struck last week by a switch-iron while carelessly swinging his body out of the door of the baggage car, the train meanwhile going at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour. The next day he was on the train again, and reading with peculiar interest an account of his death in the Boston *Herald*.

THE peach crop this season has been unusually large, so large that the consequent low prices have rather discouraged the Delaware peach-growers. Nevertheless the Delaware press, while bewailing the glutted condition of the market and the consequent rotting of vast quantities of peaches which cannot profitably be sent out of the State, admits that the peach-growers have no occasion whatever to be dissatisfied with the result.

Two men and a woman in Easton, Adams county, Wis., are accused of [illegible]ping a little boy eight years old with a heavy iron [illegible], and then branding him on the [illegible]ck with a hot iron, and of compelling him to hold live coals in his hands until the flesh and muscles were scorched and shriveled. They are in jail. The poor boy is a son of the woman by a husband now dead, and it is alleged she has been the most active in inflicting upon her child the horrid cruelties he has endured.

THE Washington county, Iowa, *Press* tells this yarn: "There are two Germans on the east line of our county, near Marshal, who belong to the 'Ahmish' church, if that is the correct spelling. The old stagers tolerate no buttons on their clothes, but fasten them with orthodox hooks and eyes. The church got into a wrangle lately, and a large force, who are bound to use buttons, seceded on that issue, and have built a new church, with five rooms—one for the men, one for the women and babies, one to worship in, one to eat in, and the fifth for some other purpose."

A VERY odd horse is attached to Fire Company No. 4, in Cambridge, Mass. This singular creature manifests the greatest hostility to rats and mice, which it seizes and kills like a terrier. Grown ambitious through success at this sport, he observed recently a buffalo robe on a fence, made for it, and taking it in his teeth, administered to it a tremendous shaking, evidently under the impression that it was some new and fearful beast of prey. The magnificently barbarous King of Oude, some years ago, had a horse which encountered tigers in the arena, and either killed them or sent them howling to their dens. Possibly the Cambridge horse is descended from this Indian champion charger.

OWING possibly to the spirit of communism abroad, the British pauper has lately been daring to assert himself in a manner calculated to make Bumbles and Corneys choke with indignation. It was but the other day that we read of an inmate of a "workus" daring to complain of what was given him under the name of Australian preserved meat, and now we see that at Oldham they positively took counsel to grumble at the water. Investigation, indeed, proved that there was some slight ground for a murmur here, inasmuch as, when the cistern was examined, some human legs obtruded themselves to view. They were proved to belong to an imbecile drunkard, whose decomposed person was, the authorities generously admitted, likely to convey a flavor which even the pauper palate might be permitted to reject.

IT IS often that the mean and unscrupulous persons, who attempt to break the will of a deceased man of wealth because their mercenary desires fail to be satisfied are caught in a trap of their own setting. Recently, however in Provincetown, Mass., two such fellows came to that sort of well deserved grief. One John Nickerson died there, and left a large estate in sums of $10,000 to his relatives. Two of them, dissatisfied with their proportion, set diligently to work, and, by dint of spending a good deal of time and money, succeeded in getting out a perpetual injunction against the distribution to be made by the executors. They then learned, to their amazement and wrath, that the estate had been divided according to the will among all the legatees, except themselves. Thus are they hoisted by their own petard.

AT the capture of Detroit by the British in 1812, the records of the town were carried off. Most of them were got back again, but, for some reason, three valuable books of county records, belonging in the office of the Register of Deeds, were not recovered. They have been since, and now are, among the county records of Essex county, at Sandwich, Canada. Negotiations were entered into some time since by the authorities at Washington with the British Government for the restoration of these public documents. On Friday last, Register Eaton received a letter from the Secretary of State at Washington announcing that the negotiations had been successful, and that the British Charge'd' Affaires had issued instructions to the Governor of the Province to deliver up the books to the Register of Deeds of Wayne county.

IN A recent case tried in the United States District Court for Northern New York, a curious point was decided. A person coming from Canada into the United States refused to allow certain trunks to be examined by the officers of the customs, whereupon the trunks were seized, opened and ascertained to contain $7,000 in coin and notes, besides certain articles upon which duties were payable. The act of Congress of June 27, 1864, Section 1, provides that, if any person passing goods through the Custom House refuses to allow any package to be inspected, it shall be opened, and, if found to contain dutiable goods, the whole contents shall be forfeited. In the case above mentioned, suit was brought in the United States District Court, and the attempt to smuggle into the United States one shawl and one silk dress resulted in the forfeiture not only of the articles of clothing, but of the $7,000 in coin.

"IF."

If sitting with this little worn-out shoe
And scarlet stocking lying on my knee,
I knew the little feet had pattered through
The pearl-set gates that lie 'twixt heaven and me,
I could be reconciled and happy too,
And look with glad eyes towards the Jasper Sea

If, in the morning, when the song of birds
Reminds us of a music far more sweet,
I listen for his pretty broken words
And for the music of his dimpled feet,
I could be almost happy though I heard
No answer, and saw but his vacant seat.

I could be glad, if, when the day is done,
And all its cares and heart-aches laid away,
I could look westward to the hidden sun,
And, with a heart full of deep yearnings, say,
"To-night I'm nearer to my little one
By just the travel of a single day."

If I could know those little feet were shod
In sandals wrought of light in better lands,
And that the footprints of a tender God
Ran side by side with his, in golden sands,
I could bow cheerfully and kiss the rod,
Since Benny was in wiser, safer hands.

If he were dead I would not sit to-day
And stain with tears the wee sock on my knee.
I would not kiss the tiny shoe, and say,
"Bring back again my little boy to me!"
I would be patient, knowing it is God's way,
And that He'd lead me to him o'er death's silent sea.

But O! to know the feet, once pure and white,
The haunts of vice have boldly ventured in;
The hands that should have battled for the right,
Have been wrung crimson in the clasp of sin!
And should he knock at heaven's gate to-night,
I fear my boy could hardly enter in!

ATTEND TO YOUR FEET.---- CORNS.

One of the most wonderful preparations which has come into use recently is ROBINSON'S CORN PENCIL, which removes from the feet these troublesome excrescences, and that, too, without any pain. Robinson's Corn Solvent dissolves and disintegrates the corn entirely, leaving the feet as smooth and healthy as if the corn had never been there.

It not only removes corns, but warts and bunions, and indurations of any kind are freely removed. Let any one whose feet are troubled with these pests try it at once, and every particle of indurated matter can be removed from the feet.

They are sold at 50 cents each, or by the dozen, at KEYSER'S, 167 Liberty street. Sent by mail for 60 cents.

MEDICINAL WATERS.

JAMES E. BURNS & CO. have, in addition to all the nicely flavored syrups to furnish their magnificent marble palace fountain, just received invoices of 100 packages of medicinal waters, including the Hathorn and Congress Waters of Saratoga, the Magnetic Waters of St. Louis, Michigan, and the Blue Lick Waters of Kentucky, all fresh from native fountains, and for sale in all quantities at their store, corner of PENN AND SIXTH STREETS. The waters here specified are unsurpassed by any in the world for the cure of the diseases to which they are specially adapted, such as intestinal derangements, chronic rheumatism and neuralgia, and affections of the kidney and bladder. Many expensive journeys may be saved by resorting to Burns' for these health giving waters.

STILL ONWARD AND UPWARD.

The extraordinary increase that has taken place in the sale of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters during the past year, is another proof that an intelligent people, although they may try all things, hold fast only to that which is good. No amount of puffery can lift inferior articles to the position of standard specifics. To use the words of Tom Paine, they may go up like a rocket, but are sure to come down ignominiously like its extinguished stick. Hundreds of such nostrums have gone up and come down since the introduction of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, nearly the fifth of a century ago. Yet it still remains the supreme tonic of the age. It has not, and never has had a rival in efficacy or popularity, and now stands at the head of all proprietary remedies manufactured on this side of the Atlantic. In every civilized community on this continent or in South America, it is the accepted remedy for dyspepsia, bilious complaints, constipation, general debility, nervous weakness, and many other unpleasant and dangerous maladies. A medicine so widely extended is of course pirated and imitated by dealers without conscience or integrity.

Therefore, let every man and woman who designs to purchase the genuine Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, see to it that they have what they pay for, and not the results of an infamous imposture. Look carefully at label, stamp, and name blown in the glass, and do not forget that the *true bitters* is sold in bottles only.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER & VAN DOREN,

367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.

☞ Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

For Thirty Days!

GREAT BARGAINS

AT

Macrum & Carlisle's,
27 FIFTH AVENUE.

Parasols at Cost.
Parasols at Cost.
Fans at Cost.
Fans at Cost.
Hosiery and Gloves at cost.
Hosiery and Gloves at cost.
Gauze Undershirts at cost.
Gauze Undershirts at cost.

GREAT BARGAINS!

GREAT BARGAINS!

Skirts, Skirts, Skirts,
Corsets, Corsets, Corsets,
Laces, Laces, Laces,
Scarfs, Scarfs, Scarfs,
Ribbons, Ribbons, Ribbons,
Jewelry, Jewelry, Jewelry,
Trimmings, Trimmings,
Embroideries, Embroideries,
Handkerchiefs, Handkerchiefs.

au12 MWF

ONLY THE BEST INTEREST PAYING AND MOST SECURE

Investment Securities

Which have had close personal examination and recommended by

S. McCLEAN & CO., Bankers,
(Authorized Financial Agents for negotiating U. S. Bonds,)
No. 61 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The business of this Banking firm is the same as an
INCORPORATED BANK, WITH INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange. Collections made in all parts of the World. Interest paid on Time Deposits. Business and individual Checking Accounts opened and Mercantile Paper, Collaterals, Mortgages, &c., discounted. All classes of Prime Securities negotiated, and all general Banking and Brokerage business has personal care and attention.

au13:TTS-FMW

SIEBERT & BERG,

DEALERS IN
Leather, Hides, Oil
AND
SHOE FINDINGS,
No. 406 Penn Street.

Keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Hemlock and Oak Sole Leather, French and Common Kips and Calf Skins, Upper Leather, Morocco, Linings, Lasts, Threads, Nails, &c., which they will sell at lowest cash prices. au14:y3

M. B. COCHRAN,

143 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
DEALER IN
Iron and Wood Working Machinery
AND MANUFACTURERS' SUPPLIES.

Has constantly on hand a complete stock of TAPS and DIES, EMERY WHEELS, ENGINES, GOVERNORS, BELTING, PACKING, &c. WOODWORTH PLANERS a specia

jy16-w3l MWF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

The Latest Novelties in

Ladies' and Misses' Fall Hats.
Ribbons and Flowers.
New Fall Shawls in beautiful styles.
At $2 each, Five Thousand Ladies' Felt Skirts.
At 50c. and 62½c., Ladies' Printed Poplin Skirts, formerly sold at $1 each.
At 37½c., Gents' Calico Shirts.
At 37½c., Gents' Gray Undershirts and Drawers.
At $2 and $2.25, Ladies' Woolen Shawls, decided bargains.
Velveteens and Silk Finished Velvets.
Plain, Striped and Plaid Linsnooks.
Embroidered Edgings and Insertings.
Corsets and Hoop Skirts.
Plain and Fancy Woolen Yarns, all colors.
Shirt Fronts, Neck Ties, Collars and Cuffs.

At Attractive Prices,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

DRY GOODS

ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.,
Offer their
New Spring Stock
AT EASTERN PRICES.
Lowest in Nine Years.
No. 115 Wood Street.

C. ARBUTHNOT, W. T. SHANNON,
J. G. STEPHENSON.

mh28:0

THE BEST

Are the Cheapest!

BURT'S
FINE SHOES,

For Ladies, Misses and Children,

Are well known to be the BEST. All warranted None Genuine without his Trade Mark. A full line of these goods are sold in Pittsburgh

BY

W. E. Schmertz & Co.,
31 Fifth Avenue.

MWF						
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
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10	25					$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00

These are the LEADING PRICES AT EVANS' DEPARTMENT STORE, 56 Fifth Avenue, MASONIC HALL.

STEAM HEATING.

Craig Brothers,
129 SECOND AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.

Are prepared to contract for heating with the unrivalled apparatus, public or private buildings by indirect or direct radiation.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Gold's Patent Cast Iron Radiator.

Would refer to the following buildings heated by us:
PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE,
LIBRARY HALL BUILDINGS,
SEMPLE'S DRY GOODS HOUSE
ALLEGHENY COUNTY COURT HOUSE
SECOND WARD SCHOOL BUILDING,

With Numerous Private Buildings.

ap28:82-TTS

American Watches.

Waltham Watch Co.,
E. Howard & Co.,
Elgin Watch Co.,
United States Watch Co.,
OF ALL GRADES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
At the Lowest [illegible] in the City.
THE
"ZIMMERMAN WATCH."

This Watch, made by Kyrl Zimmerman, Liverpool, is fully equal to any watch in the market, not excepting the Frodsham, its superiority is fully attested by the wearers of them in this city.

FOR SALE BY
MEYRAN & SIEDLE.
Sole Agents, 42 Fifth Avenue.

ap22:m57

C. S. OVERHOLT, } Mount Pleasant
JOHN McADAMS, }
J. LLOYD SHALLENBERGER, } Pa.
JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT, Pittsburgh, Pa.

McADAMS & CO.,

BURNERS OF
Peerless White Lime,
OFFICE AT 25 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Yard at Connellsville Depot,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

KILNS AT MT. PLEASANT, WESTMORELAND COUNTY, PA.

Having our own Cars and Wagons, we are prepared to deliver Lime, or will sell at Yard, to be hauled by purchaser. Orders by the Car (200 bushels,) for any station on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, will receive prompt attention.

au23:y3

BISSELL & CO.'S KEY STONE HOT AIR FURNACE

For Churches and Dwellings
Heavy, Simple, Strong and Substantial, free from Gases and Smoke and Dirt. The Sheet and best Furnace out. Operation warranted.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

New Japanese Robes,

ALL COLORS, AT LOW PRICES.

At 12½c., Double Width Alpacas, a great bargain.
At 12½c., Dark Delaines and Armures.
At 22½c., Tycoon Repps, for Wrappers.
At 15c., Rockford Barrel Flannels.
At 25c., White, Gray, Scarlet and Yellow Flannels.
At 62½c., Fine Plaid Opera Flannels, an extra bargain.

BLACK ALPACAS.

Flannels of all kinds.
Cassimeres, Jeans and Tweeds, for men and boys' wear.
Waterproof Cloths.

Housekeeping Dry Goods

AT THE LOWEST PRICES, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

"AKRON SEWER PIPE CO.,"

(Late Hill & Adams,)

Manufacture highly vitrified Stone Pipe for Sewer and Water purposes, both ring and socket from 1 to 24 inch calibre. Contractors and Plumbers supplied at lowest prices. Wholesale and Retail dealers in Chimney Tops, Flues, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Tile, &c. Are also

GENERAL AGENTS FOR

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

No. 78 Fourth Ave.,

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

au25:dtf

$100,000

Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R.

SIX PER CENT. BONDS,

(TURTLE CREEK DIVISION.)

These Bonds are a first lien on the road now fully completed and in running order, and take precedence of the 7 per cent. bonds, are dated 1868, for thirty years, with interest, payable February and August.

For Sale at 86 and Accrued Interest.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.

my7:dtf45

GEO. B. HILL & CO.,

BROKERS AND DEALERS IN

Bonds, Stocks and Mortgages.

Orders promptly executed for the purchase and sale of all Reliable Securities.

☞ Col ections made.

COR. THIRD AVE. AND WOOD ST.,

au9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR SALE.

School Bonds,

BEARING 7 3-10 INTEREST

PER ANNUM.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.

Finance and Trade.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } SATURDAY, September 2, 1871.

The recent wheat corner in Chicago seems to have been a partial success for the bulls, as they succeeded in putting the price up to a point that will yield them a big margin, providing they can bring the "shorts" up to the scratch, which is very doubtful. The probability is that some of the "shorts" will repudiate, while others will "tie down," and we should not be surprised if in the end the "bulls" would be made to suffer more than their victims, and they would receive but little sympathy if they did, though the "bears" are just as deep in the mud as the "bulls" are in the mire. The Chicago *Tribune*, (editorially) referring to the matter, says:

"If the corner on wheat, now being run in this city, operated only to the detriment of one or both of the two parties known technically as the bulls and the bears, the community would take little interest in the transaction. The one party sold wheat which they did not own, hoping to be able to buy it in at a less price before the day of delivery. The other party bought the same wheat, believing themselves able to cause an advance in prices, which would bring them a profit. So far the chances were about equal, and the average citizen can have little sympathy with the losers, to which ever party they may belong.

But the wheat corner is of vital concern to the public. A battle between the bulls and the shorts in grain, like that now raging in Chicago, causes loss to thousands of innocent parties, just as the crash of contending navies on neutral ground brings death and desolation to thousands who had no interest in the quarrel that led to the fray. Vessels have been laying at our wharves for several days past unable to load, because the shippers were unable to buy grain at the artificial prices that have resulted from this excitement. Many flouring mills, here and elsewhere, have been closed, or are running on short time, for the reason that the millers cannot afford to buy the wheat at present prices, and sell the flour at the prices they will rule after the corner has expired by limitation, at 3 o'clock to-day. And not a few country shippers, who had been ultimately able to realize their profits this month, find themselves unable to send it here in time, or no time to procure cars to bring it grain to sell before the high price disappears; these men are obliged to lose twenty or twenty-five cents per bushel out of their own property, as they can only fill their contracts by purchasing the wheat at an exorbitant price from the combinations. Such a state is deranging the course of the grain business in many other ways which it is needless to specify. Money; there is too much wheat to hear, judging from the history of corners in this city, that the derangement caused by it will continue for months to come. But when it will be unsettled, and buyers will avoid it so generally as to induce a depression of the wheat market much below the price that would otherwise have been obtainable for wheat here. Such a result would be a heavy and dread loss more detriment to the farmer and the legitimate grain dealer in city and country than the bulls and bears gained by selling a few car loads at artificial prices."

NEW YORK, September, 2, 1871.

Gold quiet and firm, at 112¾@113¼. Loans at from 6 per cent. for use, to 1-32 per cent. for carrying. Clearances $27,500,000. Exports to-day about $200,000; for the week $564,000. Governments strong and higher. The stock market was active and strong; Western Union has been the great feature, advancing 2¾ per cent; next in point of interest was Pacific Mail, New York Central, and Scrip, Erie, Reading, Lake Shore, St. Paul, Rock Island and Northwestern. The *Express* says the bears assisted the advancing tendency of the market, but failed to arrest upward movements. In the case of the Wheat bulls, some extravagant stories set afloat by bears, but they produced very little for the time being, and only increased the short interest. All indications favor an active market in early future. Market closed firm. Money easy at 2@6. Bank statement favorable; the following are the changes:

Loans increased.....$1,988,900
Specie increased.....2,000,000
Circulation decreased.....49,233
Deposits increased.....1,664,500
Legal Tenders decreased.....1,100,000

There has been an active demand for Central Pacific Bonds to-day, which sold up to 103¾. State Bonds dull and neglected.

Sterling exchange 109.

GOVERNMENTS.—Coupons of 1881, 118½; 5-20s of '62, 114¾; do '64, 114¾; do '65, 114¾; do new 5s, 117½; do 10s, 113¾; do '68, 114¾; 10-40s, 111¾; currency 6s, 116.

STATE BONDS.—Mississippi 97; Tennessee, old 74¾; new do 74¾; Virginia, new 66; do old, 63; North Carolina, old 44; new do, 34.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Western Union Telegraphs, 65; Quicksilver, 14; Mariposa, 3¾; do preferred, 8; Adams Express, 58; Wells' Co. do, 94¾; American Express, 56; Union do, 57¾; United States do, 85¾; Pacific Mail, 55¾; New York Central, 96¾; Reading, 95¾; Erie, 32; do preferred, 46; Michigan, 93¾; do preferred, 120; Reading, 113¾; Michigan Central, 120¾; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 92; North western, 73; do preferred, 84; Rock Island, 112¾; New Jersey Central, 105¾; St. Paul, 63¾; do preferred, 82; Wabash, 68¾; do preferred, 86; Fort Wayne, 100; Terre Haute, 26; do preferred 59¾; C. & A. 119; do preferred, 122; Ohio and Mississippi, 27¾; preferred, 42; Ohio and Mississippi Scrip, 26¾; C. C. C. and I., 90¾; R. & Q., 140; Lake Shore, 112¾; Illinois Central, 134¾; Union Pacific, 37¾; Central Pacific bonds, 102¾; Union Pacific bonds, 90¾.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } SATURDAY, September 2, 1871.

ASHES—Common Soda ash, 4@4¼; refined 4¼@4¾; Pearls, 9; Potts, 7¾; Hudson Bay Potts, 6¾.

BUTTER.—We can report a steady demand for prime roll and with continued light receipts prices are still maintained, 20@22; the supply of this kind is light. Common and inferior continues dull and unchanged.

BROOM CORN—Is quiet and unchanged—at 5@7 cts per lb.

BEESWAX—Quoted at 30@32c.

COUNTRY BACON—Continues very dull. Country Lard is still quoted at 9@9¼.

CEMENT—Louisville, $2.50 per bbl.

Rosendale, $4.50@4.50; Calcined Plaster, $4.25 @4.50.

CORN MEAL—Is quoted, in small lots, at 80 @85 cts per bushel.

CHEESE—Is in steady demand, and firmer but unchanged; 10@10½, for prime Ohio Goshen; 9@9½, for Fair; 7½ and 8@8½, for Dairy.

CARBON OIL—Is quiet and unchanged; 22½ @23 cts in a jobbing way—much advanced for small lots.

EGGS—The demand for fresh eggs continues active, and the supply is light and the consequence, prices are fully maintained; fresh may be fairly quoted at 18, and the indications are that the top has not been reached, that there will be a further advance.

FRUITS—There is a continued steady demand for Apples and Peaches, the receipts are increasing; we continue to quote at $3@4 per bbl for fair to prime. Peaches are still coming in in prime order, and with a diminished demand the market is slow, though prices are unchanged, $1@2 per box. Plums unchanged at $1.50@2 per bushel—as to condition and choice, at $4.25 and even $4.50. Grapes slow and nominal at $4.50@7 per bbl.

FLOUR—The market is steady with a fair local trade, but there is no change whatever in prices. Good spring extras, $5.50@5.70; Choice Minnesota baker's flour, $6.70@7; good to choice red winter wheat $5.25@5.75. We still hear a good deal of complaint made by dealers in regard to being obliged to work on small margins, but there seems to be no help for it—competition is said to be the life of trade but there seems to be too much in the flour trade here.

GRAIN—The grain market is moderately active, though devoid of any new features worthy of special notice. Wheat is in steady demand, and, while the offerings are increasing, the mills are still taking all that offers at full prices; $1.24@1.26 for red, $1.26@1.30 for amber and $1.30@1.35 for white, according to quality. Oats quiet, though the feeling within the past few days has been toward increased strength; we continue to quote at 40@41 for black; 42@43 for mixed and 44@45 for prime white; the impression seems to be gaining strength among dealers that the bottom has been touched, and that when there is any change it will be upward. Ear Corn is still held at 65@66, while mixed shelled is offering at 65, and prime yellow shelled is quoted nominally at 68@65. Rye is in light supply and wanted; No. 1 sells readily at 75, and a round lot would bring 77@78. Spring Barley is quoted at 60@65.

GROCERIES—The grocery trade is moderately active, though no more so than is usual at this season of the year. In the east the situation has changed but little for several days, and there are but few points connected with any of the leading commodities worthy of special notice. Our latest advices indicate a stronger feeling in sugars and a slight appreciation in the value of certain kinds, though, as yet, the advance is slight. Coffees, less so than the excitement having subsided somewhat, but prices are fully maintained, and, in view of the comparatively light stocks, impossible to offer, except at extreme figures. Molasses, Syrups, etc., quiet and unchanged.

Sugars—Fancy Rio, 20; Prime, 19¾; Go'od 18½; Fair, 17¾; Roasting, 17@17¼.

SYRUPS AND MOLASSES—White Honey, 70 Sugar-cane & Sliders, 70; Silver Drips, 60; other grades, 45@50.

COFFEE—Choice New Orleans, 11¼; prime, 11 good, 10¾; fully fair, 10¼; Porto Rico Sugars, 10@11; Cubs, 10@11; Demarara, 11 @12.

REFINED SUGARS—Hard Sugars, 13¾; A Coffee, 12¾; "B," 12¾; Extra C, 12¾; C, yellow, 12¾; Powdered, 14c; New Orleans, choice, 70; prime, 68; good, 65.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 10½; prime, 9¾ cts; good, 9.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 22c. Pimento, 17c. Cloves, 35c. Cassia, 56c.

ROASTED COFFEE—In 1 lb packgages, 23 cts. Lower grades, 20@21.

HIDES—Green Salted, 10¾@11¾; Green Butchers', 8½; Buffalo, 8@8½; Green Calf Skins, 14@15; Green Salted Calf, 17@18.

HORNS—Quoted at 2½@23 cts.

HAY—We quote hay unchanged. The receipts of baled, although not large, seem to be sufficient to keep up the supply, and we continue to quote it, for car load, at $20@25 per ton, for good to prime tight pressed timothy.

HONEY—Is in steady demand and prime white clover honey, in good condition, sells readily at 18@20.

HEMP—Is higher; last sales reported at $165 per ton.

LIME—Perrysburg white, $2,000@2.25 per bbl; Cleveland $2.25; Eastern, $1.75.

MILLFEED—We report with a fair jobbing trade at $21@22 for Bran; $23@25 for Seconds; $19@20 for Middlings, and $13@14 for Oil Meal.

OIL—Sperm, Lard (Pittsburgh made) 70@75 to the trade, and 75 in a small way. No. 2 quoted at 58@60.

PEANUTS—Higher, 1½@2 cts.

ONIONS—In steady demand, and we can report car lots at $3.50@4.00 per bbl.

POULTRY—We note a fair steady demand and regular sales at 55@60 cts per pair for young, and 70@75 for old, by the coop.

PROVISIONS—Plain shoulders 6¾@6¾; sugar cured shoulders, 10; ribbed sides, 8¾; clear sides, 9¾; Breakfast bacon, 11¾@12; sugar cured Hams, 14@15; Lard, kettle, 9½@ 10 in tes; and 11 in buckets and kegs. Mess Pork, $14.50. Dried beef, 12@13.

POTATOES—Irish Potatoes quotable at $2 @2.25 per bbl. Sweets, $3.50@4.00 for Baltimore, and $4.50@5 for Jersey.

RAGS—Sales, 4@4¼ cts per lb.

SEEDS—Timothy Seed is reported firmer but unchanged. Clover Seed—we have an occasional small sale at $4. Clover Seed is quiet, and, in the absence of sales, may be quoted at $6,75@ 7. Flax Seed—sales at $1.30.

SUMAC—Sales Tennessee sumac at 4¾ cts WHISKY—Quoted firm at 10 cts.

WATER MELONS—The quiet weather is operating badly on the melon trade, and prices are weak and lower; we now quote at $12@20 per 100, as to quality and size.

PITTSBURGH CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } SATURDAY, September 1, 1871.

RECEIPTS STOCK.

The receipts of stock at the Central Yards for the week ending to-day, were as follows:

	This week.	Last week.
Cattle	437	444 cars.
Hogs	124 "	181 "
Sheep	138 "	92 "
Horses	31 "	21 "
Mules	11 "	2 "
Total	751 "	739 "

CATTLE.

The supply as will be seen, was again heavy this week, footing up 447 cars, but a large proportion of these were through cattle, and consequently were not thrown upon this market; so far as we could learn the average quality was about the same as last week, consisting of all kinds, but, as always is the case, the common and medium grades were largely in the ascendancy. Operators generally reported trade as being more active than last week, but with the increased number of cattle there was an increased number of buyers, and prices in some instances, ruled a shade higher, particularly for the best grades of common and medium stock, the supply of this kind being somewhat in excess of the demand, was rather sluggish but, all things considered, the market was all that could be expected, and closed better than generally expected at the opening. Following is a detailed report of the sales since the date of our last report:

Sadler H & Co sold for:

No.	Wght.	Price.
Schockeney to Swigart	18	2,080 4 40
Schockeney to Swigart	19	2,120 4 40
Cherry to Lutz	20	16,400 3 65
Cherry to Bule	17	@25 00 per head
McDavids to Kleman & A	34	16,795 5 20
Scaree to Gallegher	20	18,900 5 25
Scaree to Gallegher	18	21,140 4 50
Brown to Kleman & Auil	20	19,060 5 50
"	18	19,150 5 25
" Hogs	19	21,050 4 62
Brown to Keefer & Co	80	57,440 5 00

Keller & Ullery, sold for:

Rolands to Gallagher	17	19,300	4 60
Thompson to Parks Bro	7	7,260	4 85
Dicks to Maynes	19	21,000	4 75

Holmes, Lafferty & Co., sold:

No.	Wgt.	Price.	No.	Wgt.	Price.
16	19 980	4 70	2	1,550	3 67
18	21,220	4 75	17	21,530	4 85
19	3,500	4 10			

Hazlewood & Blackstock sold:

1	1,080	3	38	43,440	4 40
16	16,600	4 50			

Orr & Williams sold for:

2	2,130		1	1,220	
18	19,800		3	3,050	4 50

Hedges, Taylor & Huff, sold:

16	20,300		2	2,470	4 75
20	25,880	5 20	13	16,320	5 20
22	19,500	4 25	8	7,400	5 00
22	21,440	4 50	2	1,790	4 50
21	18,600	4 40			

MISCELLANEOUS SALES.

Fletcher	16		21,580	5 25	
Dick	1		1,230	5 00	
Dick	32		40,100	4 50	
Dick	2		2,360	4 50	
Dick	17		20,720	4 75	
Montgomery	16		19,900	4 60	
Sands	16		19,950	4 60	
Keyes	17		20,6 0	5 25	
Wilhelm	37		40,920	4 80	
Keyes	18		22,390		
Keyes	21		16,800		

SHEEP.

The receipts this week were heavy, unusually so, footing up 138 cars, and the market, in consequence, has been weak, and dealers generally report prices from ½ to ¾ of a cent lower, particularly on common and medium grades. Prime to extra 100 to 110 lb sheep, fat and smooth, may be quoted at 5@5¼, against 5¼@5¾ last week, and good 85 to 95 lb averages at 4¾@4¼. Following is a partial report of the sales since Wednesday last:

	No.	Wgt.	Price.
Sadler, Haven & Co sold for:			
Fort to Pearce	201	14,760	3 85
" " "	8 bucks	br hd	2 00
" " Miller & Co	185	per head	2 85
" " "	1	per head	2 65

Hedges, Taylor & Huff sold:

193	14,670	3 87	178	13,400	4 00
207	$3.25	per head	189	15,500	4 25
105	8,400	4 65	100	7,670	4 50
429	per head	$2 25	331	25,070	4 30

Hazelwood & Boyd sold:

38	3,120	4 70	184	13,200	4 00

109 lambs, pr head $1.50.

Smith, Watson & Briggs, sold:

208	17,350	4 70	197	14,120	4 00
193	14,000	4 55	183	17,100	4 75
107	per head	$2 62	200	13,380	3 40

Holmes, L & Co sold:

202	15,880	4 65	178	14,920	4 37
165	13,320	4 37	122	9,270	3 75
740	62,010	4 35	118 a'be	8,100	4 25
322	24,870	4 65	286	24,490	4 60
645	per head	2 85	191	14,000	4 20
2 0	16,970	4 20	194	16,570	4 20
206	14,840	4 50			

HOGS.

Receipts this week 124 cars against 180 last week; with diminished receipts and a comparatively light supply, the market closes firmer and higher for prime heavy corn fed, while light hogs are lower than in the early part of the week; the former may be fairly quoted to-day at 5.00@5.10, and the latter at 4.80@4.90. At will be noticed, there is more difference being made between light and heavy hogs than there has been for some time past, which is owing to the fact that the offerings of the latter kind have fallen off very materially of late, while, on the other hand, the receipts of light hogs have been more than in the weeks ago. New York and Philadelphia hogs were selling at about the same prices, now there is a difference of from ½ to ¾ a cent per lb

Sadler, H & Co., sold for:

	No.	Wgt.	Price.
McDavids to J J Muth	97	25,410	4 40
" " "	103	27,210	4 50
Scare to Gillett	128	22,630	4 55
Schockency to Muller	132	15,880	4 60
" " Gillet	24	4,100	4 62
McDavids to Rotachilds	55	12,220	5 00
" " Hedges	63	11,960	4 65

Keller & Ullery sold:

Dicks to Baugaman	18	2 510	4 75
Cherry & J to Imhoff	25	6,180	4 80

Holmes, Lafferty & Co., sold:

No.	Wgt.	Price.	No.	Wgt.	Price.
Hedges, Taylor & Huff, sold:					
50	10,040	4 40	32	8,920	4 80
46	11,780	4 80	40	11,680	4 40
46	10,860	4 80	24	5,790	4 35
30	6,750	4 50	19	4,360	4 75
54	10,980	4 60			

Hazlewood & Blackstock, sold:

45	10,740	5 05	40	8,160	4 60
78	23,140	5 10	46	10,960	4 55
30	6,580	4 35			

Smith, Watson & B sold.

36	9,020	4 60	13	2,380	4 60
13	2,960	4 90	64	16,350	4 87
50	10,010	4 50			

Holmes, L & Co sold:

20	4 640	4 50	20	4,490	4 60
87	17,940	4 60	28	6,040	4 45
52	11,160	4 60	25	5,320	4 60
1 8	18,830	4 87	104	22,230	4 50
96	21,470	4 50	146	21,260	4 57
53	10,740	4 50	38	8,100	4 60
48	11,250	4 40	28	7,030	4 40
60	13,230	4 50	65	9,710	4 50
26	6,330	4 40	78	15,300	4 50
46	11,060	4 50	70	23,380	4 90
92	28,680	4 90	148	32,040	4 80

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

Considerable complaint was made by shippers this week in regard to the scarcity, and consequent difficulty in getting cars. Stock was delayed in some instances as much as 24 hours. The Railroad Company official- are no doubt doing all that can be done to accommodate the stock trade, but the fact is the receipts of stock during the past two or three weeks have been unprecedentedly heavy, requiring an unusually large number of cars.

Wm. Hazlewood, Jr. returned last week after an absence of several weeks in the south. He visited Tennessee, with a view of buying a large farm.

John H. Glass of the firm of Holmes, Lafferty & Co, has been absent in the far west for several months.

The Central Hotel, of which Mike Portzell is proprietor, is well patronized by the drovers

Cotton Markets.

SAVANNAH, September 2.—Cotton firm; low middling 17¼@17¾c; net receipts 183 bales; sales 2?? bales; stock 318 bales.

GALVESTON, September 2.—Cotton firm; good ordinary 17½c; net receipts 232 bales; sales 80 bales; stock 1,084 bales.

MOBILE, September 2.—Cotton firm: middling 18¾c; net receipts 30 bales; sales 50 bales; stock 499 bales; exports coast wise 80 bales.

CHARLESTON, September 2.—Cotton in fair demand; middling 18c; net receipts 41 bales; sales 50 bales; stock 3,541 bales.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } SATURDAY Sept. 2, 1871.

The oil market was firmer and a little more active during the early part of the week: during the past two days, however, it has been very dull, and, while refined is weak and lower, crude is unchanged. The producers, as yet, have failed to respond to the decline in refined, and, what is more, they will not, as long as they can help it; they are holding back in hopes that there will soon be a reaction in the refined market, though of this the prospects are not very bright at present. It is true, there will be a large quantity of refined required within the next three months to supply the home trade, as orders, both from the west and south, are expected to come in pretty freely within that time, but the export demand does not seem to be very active, though if anything, it is a shade better than it was a few weeks ago.

The shipments of refined during the past week were larger than the week preceding, though not near as large as they would have been if our refiners had been able to obtain all the cars they wanted. It would seem that between the live stock and oil trade the railroad has had more business recently than it could attend to, not having sufficient rolling stock at hand to meet the emergency, and, consequently, we hear of considerable complaint being made by both drovers and oil refiners, and there is cause for it, too, though there is no doubt but what the railroad officials are doing all in their power to accommodate both. The "run" of live stock has been unusually heavy for several weeks past, but it is probable that the worst of the "rush" is over.

Receipts crude this week, 26,398; last week, 25,5?3 bbls. January 1st to date, 756,351, same time last year, 741,781. Exports refined this week, 27,560; last week, 9,026; January 1st to date, 473,686; same time last year, 695,595. Sales this week, 3,800 bbls crude. 1,000 refined; last week, 2,000 bbls crude; 2,000 bbls refined.

NEW YORK.

No sales and no established quotations. September may be quoted nominally at 24¾; October, 24¾; spot, 25¾@25¾c.

CRUDE.

Pittsburgh deliveries nominal at 12¾, spot; 11¾ seller all year; 12¾@12¾, buyer all year Parker quoted at $4.00@4.65, an advance, notwithstanding refined is lower.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY A. V. R. R.

Peerless O W 228, account Duncan & Young; Liberty O W 246, account Bates & G; Standard O W 180, account same; Cosmos O W 80, account H McKelvy; Forsyth O W 154, account W Stewart; Commercial O W 324, account Duncan & Y; Forsyth O W 616, Bates & G; Crystal O W 434, account same; National O W 180, account same, Vista O W 324, account H McKelvy; Penn O W 228, account Duncan & Y; Commercial O W 332, account Bates & G; Standard O W 228, account J K Barbour.

Total.....4,218 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED PER WEST PENN R. R.

Elkins, B & Co, 200 bbls ref. oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Phila.

Ralston & Waring, 199 bbls refined oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total.....399.

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER A. V. R. R. & W. P. R. R.

Braun & Wagner 500 bbls refined oil to Waring, King & Co., Philidelphia.

Montzeimer, K & Co., 450 bbls ref. oil to Wm. Lauer, Bro & Co., Phila.

Citizens Oil Co., 612 bbls refined to Tack Bros. & Co., Phila.

Fawcett, Lee & Co., 253 bbls ref. oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Phila.

J. A. McKee & Sons, 311 bbls refined oil to Logan Bros. & Co., Philadelphia.

David Bly & Co., 152 bbls refined to Logan & Bros. & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston Bros. 500 bbls refined oil to Warden, Fr. & Co., Phila.

National Oil Co., 51 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Standard Oil Co. 547 bbls refined to Warden, F. & Co., Phila.

H. W. C. Tweddle, 50 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Phila.

Total.....3,425 bbls

[By P. & Telegraph Line.]

PHILADELPHIA, September 2, 12 M.—Crude, 13¾c. Refined: spot, 23¼@24c; September, 24¾ @24¾; October, 24¾c. Market dull and nothing doing.

NEW YORK, September 2, 1 P. M.—Market quiet and dull with a weaker feeling. Crude offered at 13¾c. Refined, 24¾c; B. O. all month, 24¾c.

3 P. M.—Crude nominal and unchanged. Refined; sales 1,000 bbls for September and October, 24¾c; 1,000 for October, 24¾c.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, August 31, 11:15 A. M.—Market quiet and unchanged at $4,75@4.80; no sales.

TARKERS, September 2.—Market quiet and nothing doing; prices unchanged.

PLEASANTVILLE, September 2, 11:15 A. M.—Market quiet. Sales of 100 bbls delivered at Titusville, at $4.42½.

OIL CITY, September 2, 11:15 A. M.—Market very dull. Lower Creek, 24.30@24.75; Oil City at 4.85@4.90. Weather clear and warm.

TIDIOUTE, September 2, 1 P. M.—Market unchanged and nothing doing. Last very firm; small lots sold this morning at $4.50.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Market.

LONDON, September 2, 1:30 P. M.—Consols 93¾; 5-20s, 92, 93¼; do '65, 93¼; do '67, 92¾; 10-40s, 90¾.

LONDON, September 2.—Common rosin 8s per hundred weight. Whale oil 32 10d@33s per ton.

PARIS, September 2.—Rentes 59?6c.

ANTWERP, September 2.—Petroleum 50¾f.

LIVERPOOL, September 2.—Cotton firm; middling upland 9¾@9¾d.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, September 2, 1871.

FLOUR—Unchanged.

WHEAT—No. 2 spring 2¾@2¾c higher; $1.38¾@1.38¾ closed at $1.38¾@1.39¼, September. This afternoon active and firmer at $1.39¾@ 1.39¾ for September.

CORN—Moderately active; No. 2 mixed closed at 43¾@43¾c September. This afternoon firmer at 43¾c.

OATS—Closed No. 2 at 29¾c.

RYE—Active; No. 2 closed at 56¾c.

BARLEY—Active; No. 2 spring 61c.

HIGHWINES—Steady at 90c.

PROVISIONS—Quiet and nominally unchanged.

HOGS—Fairly active at $4.25@4.75.

CATTLE—Dull at $2.00@5.62.

RECEIPTS—Hogs 4,000 head.

SHIPMENTS—Hogs 4,000 head.

New York.

NEW YORK, September 2.—Cotton steady; middling upland 19¾c. Flour dull; superfine western and State $4.85@5.10; common to medium extra $5.45@5.70; good to choice $5.75 @6.30; white western extra $6.30@7.10; Ohio extra $5.50@6.75. St. Louis $4.50@6.75. Rye flour and corn meal unchanged. Whisky heavy at 93c. Wheat active and advanced; common to prime No. 2 spring $1.30@1.35; winter red western $1.40@1.44; amber Michigan $1.44@1.48. Rye, barley and malt quiet. Corn firm; western mixed 67¾@68c; yellow 67¾@68c; white 70c. Oats firm; western and Ohio 43@50c. Leather quiet at 30@32c; Orinoco 26¾@27¾c. Wool firm; extra Ohio 61@62½c; unwashed 42c; pulled 42@43c. Hay unchanged. Hops firm. Sugar 10@12c; eastern 10@10½c; western 10@11c. Coffee firm; Rio 14¾@16¾c. Sugar active and advanced; fair to good refining 9¾@9¾c; Cuba 8¾@10c. Molasses dull. Rice 8¾@9¾c. Petroleum—crude 13¾@14c; refined 24¾c. Pork dull and declined; new mess $15.75@16.00; prime mess $14.25@15.75; prime pork $11. Beef and cut meats dull and unchanged. Lard opened heavy and closed strong; prime steam 8¾@9¼c; kettle dried 9¾c; January 9¾. Butter and cheese dull and unchanged.

Metals—Quiet and unchanged; pig unchanged; new sheathing 39c; ingot Lake firmer at 23¾c. Iron; Scotch pig firm at $33@36.50; refined United States range and very firm at $44@57; bar firm at $76@77; Russia sheet firmer at 13¾c gold. Nails; cut $4.25; clinch $5.25@6.25; horse shoes 10@5½c.

LATEST.—Flour dull at $5.40@5.80 for shipping extras. Wheat firm and unchanged. Rye nominal at 81@85c. Oats firm at 45@50c. Corn unchanged. Eggs firm at 24@25c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, September 2.—The market continues active enough with leading jobbers, and prices are generally steady and firm. Atlantic A and Indian Head heavy brown sheetings 15¾c; Atlantic H and Stark A 13c; Broadway 11¾c; Agawam F 11c; Augusta 27c; Michigan 13c; Atlantic P fine 10 11c; Gravitte, extra 12¾c; Indian Orchard domestic, weight 14c; Monadnock 9-4 37¾c; do 10-4 43c; Pepperell, E. fine, 12c; do 9-4 34c; do 10-4 41c; The wide sheetings of this mill are selling at a difference of two and a half cents as follows: 9-4 37½@38c; 10-4 do 43@43½c. Waltham 9 4 sheetings are up to 32½c and 10-4 do 37½c. Clark's brown sheetings are offered at 9¾c; Pacific Mills 19c; Ballan & Son 14c; Utica Nonpariel 26c; do 30 inch 18½c; do 36 inch 21½c; Sheets do 9 4 56c; do 10-4 55c. Printed and colored cottons are in fair demand, especially best best brands at uniform rates.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, September 2.—Cotton quiet; low middling 17½c. Flour dull but unchanged. Wheat dull at $1.31@1.35. Corn in demand and firm at full prices; held at 52c. Rye quiet and unchanged. Oats quiet. Barley firm at 80@81. Coffee firm, with sales of 300 bags Rio at 16c. Linseed oil unchanged at 80c. Lard Oil dull at 70c. Eggs firm at 13c. Butter scarce and firm at 18@22c. Cheese dull but unchanged at 9c. Pork dull; sales of 450 bbls at $12.25. Lard dull, with 8¾c asked. Bulk Meats nominal with no inquiry; shoulders 5¾c; sides 6¾c for sugar cured. Bacon quiet; small sales clear rib sides at 7c; sugar cured hams scarce and firm at 15@15½c. Whisky firm at 90c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, September 2.—Tobacco very firm and unchanged; sales of 98 hhds. Cotton firm and quiet; middling 18¾c. Flour in good order demand; family $5.50. Grain quiet and firm; nothing doing of any consequence. Wheat $1.15@1.30. Corn 42@43c. Rye 70c. Oats 70c, all on arrival. Provisions steady and in good order demand and prices sustained. Mess Pork $12.50 in round lots for small orders filled at $13.00; bacon 6¾@7¼@7¾c; hams packed 13¾@14¾c. Lard 9¾@10c. Whisky is good demand.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, September 2.—Flour steady with a moderate demand. Wheat firm and advanced 1c; No 2 white, Wabash, $1.31; No 2 do, $1.25; No 1 white Michigan, $1.32; amber Michigan, $1.30; No 1 amber Illinois, $1.32; No 2 do, $1.30; No 1 red, $1.26½; No 2 $1.12. Corn dull but unchanged; low mixed, 53c; yellow, 53c; no grade 56c. Oats quiet; No 1, 38c; No 2 do, 33¾c. Lake freights firm; vessels scarce.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, September 2.—Flour quiet and unchanged in every respect. No 1 red winter wheat dull, held at $1.25; $1.25 offered; No 2 red winter $1.22. Corn steady with a moderate demand; 56c for low mixed. Oats dull at 35c. Petroleum nominal.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, September 2.—Flour quiet and weak. Wheat: No. 2 firm; $1.07@1.07¼c for cash seller September; No. 1 Milwaukee $1.13. Corn steady; No. 2 30c. Corn weak; No. 3 mixed 43¾c. Rye steady, No. 1 58c. Barley quiet; No. 2 spring 54c.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, September 2.—Flour dull; western family extras $5.30@5.12½. Wheat dull; red western $1.37@1.40 for latter choice. Corn dull at 70@71c; mixed western 68¾@69c. Oats steady at 45c; mixed 43@43c. Whisky steady at 90@94c.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, September 2.—Flour dull, but firmly held. Wheat dull; Ohio and Indiana $1.30@1.37. Corn firmer; mixed western 69@ 70c. Oats firm, at 45@50c. Provisions and whisky unchanged.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, September 2.—Grain, provisions and whisky unchanged. Cotton quiet; sales of 150 bales good ordinary at 16¾ @17c.

Detroit.

DETROIT, September 2.—Wheat steady; No. 1 white $1.31; extra $1.35¾@1.36; amber $1.27; Corn 60c. Oats 38c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, September 2.—*Through.*—16 pkgs drugs, B L Fahnestock & Co; 83 pkgs fish, 5 do glass, D Ilworth & Co; 150 pcs h ware, Bailey, P & Co; bell; 3 bxs d goods, McCandless, J & Co; 27 bbls s potatoes, H Rea, Jr; 24 do do, 15 do fish, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 50 sks coffee, 3 do spice, S H Baird; 25 bbls s potatoes, J A Graff; 5 bx d goods, D Gregg & Co; 7 pkgs cont, Krame & V; 30 bbls s potatoes, W J Steel & Bro; 20 do do, Houck, Jamison & Co; 10 do do, James O'Brien; 3 cks crucibles, Anderson & Wood; 15 bbls s potatoes, Aiken & Wallace; 30 pkgs fish, J Conner; 15 sks coffee, Dunlevy & Bro; 5 bx cheese, W Frazer; 15 bbls salt, W Gormley; 100 bxs soap, Haworth & D; 10 bbls oil, G A Sellers & Co; 1 bx d goods, McElroy, D & Co; 50 pkgs confectionery, E & C Mahaffy;

HOME NEWS.

Married.—Our very worthy young friend Mr. John Degelman, the Fifth avenue merchant, was united in marriage on Thursday evening to one of the most accomplished daughters of our sister city. The happy young couple have our heartiest congratulations, and we wish them much happiness and prosperity.

The Fall term of St Xaviers Academy commences to-day. No educational institute in the country, exclusively devoted to the mental and moral culture of young ladies' stands higher. It is in the hands of well educated and accomplished Sisters of Mercy who devote their exclusive attention to their pupils. Girls of all ages and creeds are welcomed to the Academy. Send for a circular to Sister Liguori, Latrobe, Pa., for full information regarding this noble institution, which has our hearty endorsement.

Fatal Accident.

About noon Saturday, an accident occurred near Twelfth street, Birmingham, resulting in the death of a little boy. The boy was run over by one of the Ormsby borough passenger cars, and was so seriously injured that death ensued in less than two hours after the accident. The Coroner has been notified to hold and inquest on the body to-day. It is said the boy was hanging on the side of Car No. 6 and losing his hold fell across the track. The rear wheel passed over both legs.

Farewell Meeting.

The First U. P. Church in Allegheny, was filled to overflowing last evening, it being the occasion of the farewell services to Rev. J. C. Nevin, who is about to return to the China mission-field, taking with him the estimable lady to whom he was united in marriage during his present brief sojours in America. The services were of a most interesting character, and the remarks of the Reverend gentlemen present, were often very affecting. Short addresses were made by Revs. S. S. Reed, Dr. A. A. Browne, J. M. Witherspoon, William Fulton and others. Mr. and Mrs. Nevin will sail from New York city for their designation in about two weeks. Their many friends will bid them farewell with an assured hope of safe and sincere prayers for their safety, and protection will go out after them from many loving hearts.

Almost a Panic.

Toward the close of the performance of Tony Pastor's troupe at the Academy of Music Saturday evening, some rascal in the second tier raised an alarm of fire, and almost in an instant the entire audience were panic stricken, and a rush was being made for the door. Had it not been for the presence of mind of one of the managers in coming forward and announcing in a loud voice that there was no occasion of danger, and urging the people to keep their seats, serious results might have ensued. The scoundrel who would endeavor to create a panic in a place of amusement, crowded as was the Academy on Saturday, should have been apprehended and severely dealt with.

Criminal Court Trial List.

The September term of the Criminal Court commences on Monday. The following is the trial list for the first day:

Com. vs. Michael Brown.
Com. vs. Thos. Dickson.
Com. vs. Thos. Gibson.
Com. vs. A. J. Hagan.
Com. vs. Pat. Donnelly.
Com. vs. E. W. Johns.
Com. vs. J. Larimer et al.
Com. vs. Geo. Newbert.
Com. vs. James Nary.
Com. vs. Dan McCaffery.
Com. vs. John Roberts.
Com. vs. Henry Goldstein.
Com. vs. Wm. Einsten.
Com. vs. M. Kilgallen.

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—The patrons of this house will be pleased at the announcement that Mr. Chanfrau will remain during the present week, and that he will appear this evening in the great play of "Kit, the Arkansas traveler," taking the character of Kit Redding. In his rendition of this part, Mr. Chanfrau has won unbounded admiration from some of the largest audiences ever seen in the leading places of amusement, east and west. The piece will be presented with new scenery, appointments, etc., and the entire stock company contains material, which, if properly cast, will give the star excellent support.

FIFTH AVENUE OPERA HOUSE.—As forshadowed during the past week, the brilliant young actress, Little Nell, the California Diamond, will commence a brief engagement at this establishment to-night, in the powerful and sensational drama entitled "Katy Did." When we state that the reputation of Little Nell as an actress will compare favorably with that of the popular and sprightly Lotta, we have said enough to create a desire on the part of all to see her.

Death of T. Morgan Silvey, Esq.

On Saturday morning at his residence on Third avenue, Mr. T. Morgan Silvey departed this life suddenly. On Friday evening the writer of this was in conversation with him and he appeared to be in unusual health and good spirits. At twelve o'clock he took dangerously ill with sickness closely resembling the real Asiatic cholera, and despite the skill of several physicians and the very best of care and attention, he died before daylight. Mr. Silvey was an old resident of Pittsburgh, and was highly appreciated and esteemed by all who were connected with the Methodist book store for several years as chief clerk. For nearly a year previous to his death he was suffering from chronic diarrhœa, which perhaps returned to cause his death. We never knew a nobler young man. He was kindhearted, open, free, frank, generous and companionable and the possessor of many virtues and no vices. His death caused much mourning in this community, especially since it was so sudden and unexpected. His remains were taken to Washington, Pa., and interred yesterday. It may well and appropriately said that our dear friend Silvey is gone but not forgotten.

A STRANGE AFFAIR.

A Man Stabbed in the Neck Last Night.

About half-past nine o'clock last night a man named Martin Brodey appeared at the office of Dr. Thomas, having in his charge another man named Gill. A handkerchief was tied about Gill's neck in a loose manner so that a wound on his neck, meant to be bound up, was exposed to view. Brodey requested the doctor to dress the wound, and stated that it was received in a fight, in which Gill was engaged, on Wood street between Second and Diamond. He stated also that Gill resided in Birmingham, but would give no further particulars. The wounded man made no information whatever concerning himself or the cause of his injury. The doctor proceeded to sew up the wound, which he found to be about four inches in length and a half an inch in depth. About the time he had finished, the man moved his head suddenly to one side causing it to burst open afresh. It was again dressed with a like result, which exhausted the patience of the surgeon and he invited the young man to seek relief elsewhere. The case seems to be involved in mystery.

SERIOUSLY STABBED.

An Officer Cut in Five Places—The Names of the Assailants Unknown—He walks a Great Distance after the Affray.

Officer Gordon, a Lieutenant on the Mayor's force, was badly cut up, last evening about eight o'clock. Mr Gordon, who resides on Scott's alley, near the Varieties Theatre, had just finished his supper and was coming out of his house when he discovered a fight in progress between two men. He endeavored to arrest the parties when they both fell upon him, and getting him down, one of them assailed him with a knife, after which they both fled. The officer then got up and noticed that he had received a slight cut on the nose. He was terribly excited, and immediately started down Scott's alley to Wood street, to the corner of Second avenue and Grant street, which is a place of general resort for the members of the police when they meet with any injury. As soon as he had got into the store he began to feel faint, and then noticed that blood was oozing through his clothes. Dr. Arthurs was immediately sent for, and Mr. Gordon's injuries examined when it was found that in addition to the cut on his ear, there were four other different wounds on his person: One on his back considerable deep, and another on the right ear. One on his breast, almost directly over his heart, which was about half an inch in depth. One, a slight cut, on the right groin, and another which was by far the most severe, on his leg just a little below the thigh. This cut was about four inches in length and two inches and a half in depth. It was very close to the femoral artery, which should it have been severed, would have caused the man to bleed to death in three minutes. As it was he bled very profusely. Dr. Arthurs dressed the wounds, and the injured man was afterwards removed to his home in a carriage. It is not likely that any of his injuries will prove fatal, although they are of a such character as will likely keep him confined to his house for a good many weeks to come. Mr. Gordon was unable to indentify his assailants and it is thus able they will escape entirely.

A PROMISED SENSATION.

A Case Pending in a County Squires Office That may Create some Excitement—Queer Developments Looked for.

One of our little towns up the Monongahela river, not many miles from the Allegheny county line, has recently been the scene of some funny doings—facts which we are in possession of and could if we cared, give the names of the parties concerned. For the present, however, we shall make no expose of the names of those interested. The parties in the case are three, a man and two ladies, of course. One of the ladies is the wedded wife of the gentleman and has stood in that position for a number of years. The other female in question is a grass-widow by choice and a milliner by profession. Some months since the gentleman and his wife concluded that a very proper way for them to become rich in a very short space of time was to start a boarding house in the village—a thriving one. Accordingly a suitable room was procured which was well stocked with a large variety of fashionable and staple articles in the prescribed branch of trade in which they were about to embark. In next became necessary to find some one suitable to take charge of the establishment, and in casting around for such a person, they could not long be undecided that the grass widow afore-mentioned, was the proper one to fill the required position. Accordingly she was duly engaged, and she was duly installed in her new business. For a time everything passed swimmingly, but as the widow was fair to look upon, while Mrs. —— had, to some extent, passed into the sere and yellow leaf, the husband began to have his affections turned from the rightful object of the same, toward the charming shop-lady of the establishment. Such a state of affairs did not long escape observer, nor could they, and coming to the ears of her, who, in truth, was much wronged, the green-eyed monster lost no time in taking possession of her heart and head.

The same day she payed a visit in person to the store-room. Her proceedings there we cannot here chronicle, but the blooming widow no more stands in that store as of old, while the wife has entered suit for Court, upon a charge of aggravated assault and battery. Hair may still be picked up from the floor. Hair may still be picked up from the pavement in front of the store-room. We await with anxious mind, the trial of the above case, for we, with others, think that there will become rich developments.

"Original" and "Improved," combined in one. The Weed at 116 Market street, is the only Weed Sewing Machine offered. No danger of getting the wrong one there. MWF

THE PRIMARY ELECTIONS.

The Successful Candidates—B. W. Morgan for Mayor, C. L. Magee for Treasurer and R. J. McGowan for Controller—Exciting Contest—Heavy Vote, &c.

The Republican primary elections for the choice of a city ticket took place Saturday afternoon, and resulted in the nomination of Capt. B. W. Morgan for Mayor, C. L. Magee for Treasurer, and R. J. McGowan for Controller. Messrs. Morgan and Magee, as shown by the annexed table of returns, received large pluralities over their respective opponents and respectable majorities over all. A more exciting contest than that of Saturday has seldom been witnessed, even at a general election.

MAYOR.

Wards.	Morgan.	Swetzer.	Caley.	Redman.	Herron.
First	34	356	78	7	1
Second	181	142	223	3	4
Third	153	63	42	15	1
Fourth	71	164	135	8	
Fifth	47	109	35	14	2
Sixth	102	645	85	19	3
Seventh	126	135	101	10	18
Eighth	144	373	90	1	4
Ninth	73	254	22	2	15
Tenth	49	88	8	14	1
Eleventh	98	166	42	61	2
Twelfth	119	219	113		31
Thirteenth	82	118	61	21	4
Fourteenth	131	330	42		
Fifteenth	59	242	37		
Sixteenth	97	95	16	1	2
Seventeenth	116	373	99		
Eighteenth	9	61	5		
Nineteenth	119	114	32		
Twentieth	203	56	50	2	
Twenty-first	61	177	29		
Twenty-second	23	49	33	1	
Twenty-third	29	89	29	6	
Total	2677	4452	1396	185	34
Morgan's majority over Gross					2,355
Morgan's maj. over Gross and Sweitzer					959
Morgan's majority over all					630
Total vote					8,514

TREASURER. CONTR'R.

WARDS.	Magee.	DalZell.	Cochran.	Kaber.	McGowan.
First	359	64	55	195	212
Second	463	65	58	421	129
Third	147	65	58	56	210
Fourth	125	163	83	92	207
Fifth	173	110	89		
Sixth	640	159	89	288	223
Seventh	195	139	164	153	205
Eighth	163	107	104	165	280
Ninth	256	12	79	141	197
Tenth	57	11	77	35	100
Eleventh	140	114	68	73	236
Twelfth	69	125	356	67	386
Thirteenth	101	8	96	105	128
Fourteenth	170	51	49	107	276
Fifteenth	158	12	166	174	145
Sixteenth	120	23	163	86	177
Seventeenth	100	53	410	186	344
Eighteenth	23	30	47	9	67
Nineteenth	50	113	119	128	143
Twentieth	37	30	134	119	143
Twenty-first	70	98	3	18	87
Twenty-second	41	42	23	28	72
Twenty-third	73	39	40	79	70
Totals	4154	1581	2486	3380	3883
Magee's majority over Cochran					1,668
Magee's majority over Cochran and Dalzeish					84
Total vote for Treasurer					8,224
McGowan's Majority over Kehew					503
Total vote for Controller					7,293

THE LARGE VOTE.

The result of Saturday's contest, as compared with the vote polled at former elections, shows a heavy increase in the Republican vote of the city.

Below we give the vote for the candidates for Mayor, City Treasurer and Controller for 1868:

Mayor.	Treasurer.	Controler.
Brush 2,715	Cochran 2,399	McGowan 2,794
Jeremy ... 2,080	Allinder ... 1,759	Steel 2,412
Robb 760	Fomlinson. 1,225	
	Little 502	
5,555	5,385	5,211

THE VOTE IN 1869.

Following is a comparative table, showing the vote by wards for Geary in 1869, and the vote of Saturday:

Wards.	1869.	1871
First	316	458
Second	500	554
Third	230	274
Fourth	357	378
Fifth	164	202
Sixth	412	360
Seventh	263	330
Eighth	311	533
Ninth	280	365
Tenth	232	291
Eleventh	319	333
Twelfth	391	532
Thirteenth	207	256
Fourteenth	377	512
Fifteenth	214	358
Sixteenth	170	312
Seventeenth	398	500
Eighteenth	64	79
Nineteenth	211	315
Twentieth	297	297
Twenty-first	236	267
Twenty-second	104	105
Twenty-third	153	153
Totals	5,794	8,314
		5,794
Increase		2,520

PROFESSOR DEAN

The Funeral Saturday—Services at the Church—Resolutions of Respect, &c.

The funeral of Professor Philotus Dean, which took place Saturday afternoon, was attended by an immense concourse of citizens, including a large number of school teachers and pupils in the city schools. The members of the Teachers Institute, to the number of two hundred, assembled at the Grant School House about one o'clock P. M. The meeting having come to order, Mr. Wm. R. Ford was appointed Marshal, and under his direction the Institute formed in line and proceeded to the Union Depot. Here they were joined by the Central Board of Education, the Alumni and pupils of the High School. The procession halted in the depot and formed into two ranks, open order. The coffin containing the mortal remains of the lamented dead arrived on the 1:35 train, and was carried through the ranks to the hearse. The funeral cortege then proceeded to the Third Presbyterian Church, Sixth avenue, where the services were performed. Rev. Dr. Jacobus and Noble, the first named divine delivering an appropriate and impressive address. There was a large attendance of the teachers, all of whom evinced the deepest sorrow at the loss of one whom they all esteemed.

At the close of the services at the church the remains, followed by a large procession, were conveyed to the Allegheny cemetery and consigned to their last resting place—the grave.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

The Central Board of Education met Saturday afternoon, 2d inst., at the Grant school house, Dr. Thomas W. Shaw in the chair.

Mr. Craig, from the committee appointed to draft resolutions, reported the following:

Whereas, With profound sorrow we have learned that He who "giveth and taketh it again" has called from the scene of his earthly labors Philotus Dean, the esteemed Principal of our High School. With submission we bow to His will, though to us His ways seem dark. It is fitting that this Board acknowledge that during the long series of years that Philotus Dean had charge of the highest educational department of the public schools of this city he faithfully labored with the skilful hand of a master for the advancement of the pupils under his care. Diligent to the discharge of his duties a ripe scholarship, untiring energy, gentlemanly deportment, always exhibiting a sense of the great responsibility of his position.

Resolved, That in the death of Philotus Dean, our High School has met with a loss not only to the teacher's profession one of its brightest lights, the advocates of a higher education one of its honored and faithful workers, the community as a spirited and useful citizen.

Resolved, That we tender our sympathies to the bereaved widow and fatherless children, and pray that He, who alone can bind up the wounded heart, may sustain and strengthen them in this their great affliction.

Resolved, That this Board cause to be placed in the High School building some suitable memento to perpetuate his virtues as a man, his ability and success as a teacher, and thus will bear testimony to his devotion to the cause of popular education.

Resolved, That this Board assemble at its usual place of meeting at one o'clock on Saturday, September 2d, and attend in a body the funeral of deceased.

Resolved, That the Secretary be instructed to enter this report upon the minutes and send a copy of the same to the family of the deceased.

On motion of Mr. Fleming the resolutions were adopted.

On motion adjourned.

POLICE NOTES.

Brief Mention of Criminalities.

Last night Officer Jacob Gilyath brought in two noted "vags," James Callow and William Fullman. They were locked up and will doubtless get at least thirty days. this morning.

The Mayor disposed of twenty-five cases yesterday morning, mostly common drunks.

Sarah Claggett, colored and Bridget McMorris, both well known as frail women, were yesterday conveyed to the work house, to six months each.

Alice Kearney, an old offender, was furnished by Mayor Callow, with board and lodging at Claremont for six months. Drunk and disorderly was her offense.

Sarah Dolan (colored) lodged an information before Alderman Smith, of Allegheny, charging her husband, George Dolan, with desertion and refusing to support her. She alleges that he has been abusing and ill-treating her for some time, indulging in the amusement of choking her and calling her hard names.

—The **London** *Scalpel*, the highest medical authority in the world, gives the following as an infallible cure for small-pox and scarlet fever: sulphate of zinc, one grain; foxglove, (digitalis,) one grain; half a teaspoonful of sugar, into which two tablespoonfuls of water when thoroughly mixed add four ounces of water. Take a teaspoonful every hour, and the disease will disappear in twelve hours. For a child smaller doses, according to age. It states that if counties would counsel their people to use this, there would be no need of pest houses.

MESSRS. EDITORS GAZETTE: *Gentlemen* — Some years ago I got out of a newspaper the above recipe, and find it to be the same as that of the considerate Tennessee lady in your paper of the 31st of August, and also the same as Mr. B. Hoover's California remedy in your paper of June 5th. They are all from the same source, and show it to be a reliable recipe, for it has been tested in many places. Now would it not be as well for our city fathers to pay one or more doctors to call on all cases of small-pox and scarlet fever in and around the city. By so doing they would soon expel those fatal maladies and save the great cost of a pest house.

FIRST WARD.

"Only one original" Weed Sewing Machine, and you will find it at 116 Market street. Buy a "Weed," and you run no risk of getting a counterfeit." MWF

Get a Weed Sewing Machine, and you have the very best with all the latest improvements. MWF

To be always in fashion, ladies, patronize Julian Morrow's, No. 73, Market street.

BREVITIES.

THE rivers are falling.

OYSTERS are here in abundance.

FEDERAL STREET Depot torn down.

CORPULENT oarsmen's race this week.

THE weather is warmer than for a fortnight.

SORE HEADS were numerous yesterday morning.

TOM DAVIS was the happiest man on Saturday.

THE Jackson Independent Blues have reorganized.

REV. W. MORGAN is still confined to his room with the fever.

PRINTERS say that three M's is a fair day's work for Saturday.

CHANFRAU appears as "Kit," at the new Opera House to-night.

WORK on the P. V. & C. R. R. has progressed as far as McKeesport.

TWO children died of convulsions at the McKeesport camp-meeting.

FULLY fifty thousand dollars changed hands on the election result on Saturday.

LITTLE NELL makes her first bow to a Pittsburgh audience at Beauer's to-night.

PENN AVENUE residents are becoming indignant at the delay at the Commissioners.

THE citizens of the 7th and 8th wards are much pleased with the new market house.

THE McKeesport *Patriot* wants a market-house, a light police and jail in that borough.

THE steamer Elizabeth has been undergoing repairs, and now presents a very fine appearance.

THE Board of Guardians met on Saturday and transacted some routine business, but nothing of importance.

THE four brothers Scott, of the Duquesne Boat club, challenge any other four of their age and weight to a race.

CRICKET MATCH between Union club of Pittsburgh and Chambers club of Camden, at McKeesport this afternoon.

LAST Friday night an unsuccessful attempt was made by burglars to rob the grocery store of John Rabe, in East Liberty.

OLIVER DODD took twelve hundred dollars away with him as his share, for one week's engagement, "Across the Continent."

B. W. MORGAN, Esq., the nominee for Mayor, is quite ill with symptoms of typhoid fever, at his residence on Sixth street.

THE City Bank have commenced to tear down the old building, corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, preparatory to building their magnificent banking house.

THE Allegheny Gas Company are laying a tweanty inch main pipe on South avenue. It will extend along the entire front of the city, and may be laid as far as Sharpsburg.

THE "STRIKERS," not satisfied with Saturday night's debauch made the streets ring last evening with their curses. We hope Mayor Brush will give them thirty days this morning.

THE sixth annual reunion of the 100th (Roundhead) regiment will be held at Elizabeth, on Thursday, September 14th, 1871. General J. B. Sweitzer will deliver the annual oration.

THE McKeesport *Times* says there is a well authenticated report afloat that the B. & O. Railroad Company will shortly construct a Fourteenth Ward railroad, to connect with the Connellsville Railroad at McKeesport.

SOME RUFFIAN stole a horse and buggy from T. W. Bingham, Mansfield, on Friday night he had tied front of the second ward school house. As Thomas was anxious for returns, doubtless he has got the vehicle before this.

THE next regular meeting of the Woman Suffrage Association will be held in the Hall of the G. A. R., No. 104 Fourth avenue, on Friday evening, the 8th, inst. Rev. Mr. Leonard, pastor of Smithfield M. E. church, will address the Association. The public are cordially invited to attend.

MR. C. L. ROSE, a member of the well known carpet house of Hovard, Rose & Co., has formed a new alliance, of a social nature. We hope he will be as happy in the new firm as he has been successful in the old, and if he does he will find his connubial existence a most pleasant experience indeed. Now that Miss Ritz has become Mrs Rose, we presume that henceforth there will be one flower less among the mountains.

ALDERMAN SAMUEL MCMASTERS, of the Fifth ward, one of the most popular of our city magistrates, returned Saturday from a ten days' visit to Indian on Indian territory. Squire brings home an abundance of good health, and will resume business at his office on Sixth street, with the clear knowledge that has ever characterized his official actions, and with the honesty and fairness for which he is proverbial.

SATURDAY morning a workman went to the house of George Bingham, on Highland avenue, to fix the gas pipe in the third story, which was leaking. While he was hunting with a light for the leak an explosion took place, and the plaster in the third story of the second and third story was torn of and considerable damage was done, amounting in all to perhaps six hundred dollars. Fortunately no one was hurt.

THE New York *Newspaper Reporter* says: Edward H. Nevin, Jr, *Leader*, Pittsburgh, Pa., has visited some of our large newspaper establishments, and was shown exactly how New York pressework was done, and how the insatiable monster machines of Hoe and Bullock took their daily meals of ink and paper. The *Leader* has its own Bullock press, and takes out its evening edition in a style that rivals our own evening papers. Pittsburgh is a great place for newspapers. How the turnips and boys swallow up so much reading matter is an eighth wonder of the world.

LIST OF UNITED STATES PATENTS

ISSUED TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO AND WEST VIRGINIA, FROM OFFICIAL LIST ENDING TUESDAY, AUGUST 29TH AND BEARING THAT DATE, REPORTED WEEKLY FOR THE GAZETTE, FROM THE OFFICE OF MESSRS. HILL & ELLSWORTH, NO. 711 G STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., SOLICITORS OF PATENTS AND COUNSELLORS IN PATENT CASES, FROM WHOM ALL INFORMATION REGARDING PATENTS CAN BE OBTAINED.

No. 118,426. Machine for making cord—Sarah A. Boardman, Lancaster township, Pa., administratrix of Harris Boardman, deceased.

118,440. Composition for soap—Robert Eastman, Media, Pa.

118,441. Toy Toad—J. Fallows, Philadelphia, Penn.

118,443. Wash Boiler—B. F. Fellows, Lancaster, Pa.

118,444. Rubber boot—C. S. Foster, Ashland and O. Taylor, Philadelphia, Pa., assignor to themselves, W. F. Shultz and T. C. Eise, same place.

118,458. Feeding device for sewing machine—L. W. Green, Williamsport, Pa.

118,466. Seat spring for vehicles—B. Harsher, Erie, Pa., assignor to himself, E. Geer R. Dudley and R. F. Gaggin.

118,484. Window blind—J. H. Hobbs, Philadelphia, Pa.

118,461. Fence—H. H. Landis, Lancaster, Pa.

118,469. Antedated August 24, 1871. Stud for suspending drawing and other boards—J. Machines—R. H. McCann, Zanesville, Ohio.

118,472. Apparatus for Exhausting and Purifying Gases—Wm. Remington Sear, to H. Jacobus and Noble, the first named divine delivering an appropriate and impressive address at the funeral services of deceased, all of whom evinced the deepest sorrow at the loss of one whom they all esteemed.

118,474. Shaft Coupling—J. Ochsner, New Brighton, Pa.

118,485. Machine for grinding circular saws—J. Pedder and G. Abel, Temperanceville, Pa.

118,495. Manufacture of cast steel—C. Sommer and A. Weiss Massillon, Ohio, assignor to H. Sommers & Co., same place.

118,496. Petroleum Pump—J. Sparks, Rousselville, assignor of one-half his right to A. B. Kingsland and W. H. Eldy, Titusville, Pa.

118,500. Folding chair and Watkins and A. McConnell, Philadelphia, Pa.

118,503. Revolving cylinder engine—J. Allonas and Wm. Bauman, Mansfield, Ohio.

118,506. Pressure Guage for Water, Backs of Stoves, Range, &c., J. Anderson, Allegheny.

118,507. Insect Destroyer—S. Creighton, Lethopodis, Ohio.

118,522. Cultivator—J. S. Fleming, Island City, Ohio.

118,525. Envelope Machine—J. G. Gaston, Cincinnati, Ohio.

118,530. Wagon Brake—W. T. Hamilton, Luthersburg, Pa.

118,534. Cooking Stove—G. E. Hopkins, Philadelphia, Pa.

118,539. Machine for Making Spikes—F. J. Kimball, Philadelphia, Pa.

118,540. Wagon Reach—F. Laux, Bucyrus, O.

118,542. Beefsteek Mangle—J. Locke, Lewisburg, Pa.

118,553. Seafold—John Redick, Butler, O.

118,557. Dumping Car—J. Rousculp, Thomville and J. B. Shambaugh, Scio, O.

118,558. Washing Machine—J. Schermerhorn, Watertown, N. Y.

118,563. Sulky Plow—J. S. Van Gorder, Sidney, O.

118,566. Arched Truss for Bridges—P. L. Weimer; Lebanon, Pa., assignor to himself, J. A. Weimer and L. E. Weimer, same place.

118,581. Animal Trap—L. Biddle, Edinburgh, Pa.

118,586. Brake for Vehicles—J. Boyer, Fairfield township, Pa.

118,588. Fruit Can—H. Callahan, Dayton, O.

118,589. Steam Flue Cleamer—W. Doty, Circleville, O.

118,605. Corn Sheller—D. C. Guttridge, Pittsburgh, Pa., assignor of one-third his right to S. Ballinger, Wilkesbarre, and one-third to R. Smiley, Pittsburgh, Pa.

118,610. Girt—W. C. Hays and J. C. Pancake, Shannondale, Pa.

118,611. Snap Hook—W. S. Heberling, Mount Pleasant and J. W. Fiester, Winchester, Ohio, and Fiester, assignor to himself, same place.

118,616. Field Roller—J. M. Kelly, Ellison, Ohio.

118,634. Attachment of Band Cutters and Thrashing Machine—S. C. Myers and J. McCauley, McAllisterville, Pa.

118,646. Seed Sowing for Vehicles—C. Scherich, Lisburn, Pa.

REISSUES.

4,520. Rubber and Brush—A. Charles, Pittsburgh, Pa. Patent No. 113,258, dated April 4, 1871.

4,535. Steam Generator—R. E. Rogers and J. Black, Philadelphia, Pa. Patent No. 65,281, dated May 28, 1867.

DESIGNS.

5,238. Cushion for Backs of Chairs, &c.—J. Kubiman, Cincinnati, Ohio, assignor to himself and H. Kuhlman, same place.

TRADE MARKS.

436. Mince Meat—Atmore & Son, Philadelphia, Pa.

SHARPSBURG.

Another Fine Building—Public School—A New Academy—Serenade—Ministerial Changes.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—It affords us great pleasure to be able to report the continued prosperity of our growing town. Mr. Semple, who sold his farm at Girty's Run recently to such good advantage, has just purchased a very desirable lot on Main street, upon which he intends to erect a very fine new building. Our public school will open on next Monday, with Prof. Snodgrass at its head, who will be assisted by the old faithful and efficient corps of teachers. We learn that a new academy under the direction of eminent Professors, will open shortly in the new Bank Hall. An academy properly managed would be a great desideratum to this town, and would certainly meet with ample financial encouragement.

Judge Collier was the recipient on Thursday night of a fine serenade, performed by the brass band of our town. Although passionately fond of music, and always "moved with the sounds of sweet sounds," yet as "for every purpose there is a time," we would most kindly suggest that the bands make their visits at an earlier period in the evening, so that "the wee hours," so essentially necessary to health and refreshing slumber, be not trespassed upon by the said musical performers. Madam Rumor states that we are to have some ministerial changes this fall. Rev. Falconer, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, it is said, will seek a new field of labor this fall. Rev. Calhoun, pastor of the First Methodist Church, has greatly prospered and many invitation from one of the largest city churches to become their pastor for the ensuing year. Although his congregation unanimously desire to retain his services, yet we learn, that he will preach his farewell sermon to his people here on to-morrow's Sabbath evening. Rev. C. is a good financier, and a zealous worker in his Master's cause. His congregation here has greatly prospered during the last three years in a financial manner, and are now engaged in erecting one of the finest buildings in the whole denomination.

X.

Remember, ladies, that Julian Morrow's, No. 73 Market street, is the place to get anything in the line of trimmings &c.

SENSATION IN HIGH LIFE.

How a Pretty Girl and Fond Parents were Sold by a Sport.

On Fifth avenue, among the tall stately trees whose rich foliage christen the winds wafted from the fifth city anew, and make them zephyrs instead of horrible stenches, where the garden of Eden is reproduced, and man walks meditatively, there is a grand house. The passer-by looks at it with envy, and yet striking his own breast he must feel that he is envious. Little thinks the man trudging home day after day with his record made of one dollar and fifty cents on the "bosse's book" that in this grand oriental palace there beat sore, sad hearts. Now to facts. From Philadelphia there came some months ago a handsome young man of wealth and education. He was educated. He was sharp. Mr. ——, well, we were going to give his name, and would, only for the sake of his daughter,—not him, learned of his expectations, and concluded that he was the very man in the wilderness of humanity for whom he was searching. "Good fellow" was the youth to the old man. "Good fellow" was the girl's verdict. We draw a line. The wedding, to which fully one thousand of our readers were invited was arranged on short notice. Cards was on the cards. Carriages by the hundreds rolled there, and the occupants alighted and trawlled a lazy genteel step into the house of God. They waited. News came that the groom had skipped. Worse. That he had only ten dollars a week and expenses might justice and jail in that borough.

The steamer Elizabeth has been undergoing repairs, and now presents a very fine appearance.

The Board of Guardians met on Saturday and transacted some routine business, but nothing of importance.

The four brothers Scott, of the Duquesne Boat club, challenge any other four of their age and weight to a race.

CRICKET MATCH between Union club of Pittsburgh and Chambers club of Camden, at McKeesport this afternoon.

LAST Friday night an unsuccessful attempt was made by burglars to rob the grocery store of John Rabe, in East Liberty.

OLIVER DODD took twelve hundred dollars away with him as his share, for one week's engagement, "Across the Continent."

B. W. MORGAN, Esq., the nominee for Mayor, is quite ill with symptoms of typhoid fever, at his residence on Sixth street.

THE City Bank have commenced to tear down the old building, corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, preparatory to building their magnificent banking house.

THE Allegheny Gas Company are laying a tweanty inch main pipe on South avenue. It will extend along the entire front of the city, and may be laid as far as Sharpsburg.

THE "STRIKERS," not satisfied with Saturday night's debauch made the streets ring last evening with their curses. We hope Mayor Brush will give them thirty days this morning.

THE sixth annual reunion of the 100th (Roundhead) regiment will be held at Elizabeth, on Thursday, September 14th, 1871. General J. B. Sweitzer will deliver the annual oration.

THE McKeesport *Times* says there is a well authenticated report afloat that the B. & O. Railroad Company will shortly construct a Fourteenth Ward railroad, to connect with the Connellsville Railroad at McKeesport.

SOME RUFFIAN stole a horse and buggy from T. W. Bingham, Mansfield, on Friday night he had tied front of the second ward school house. As Thomas was anxious for returns, doubtless he has got the vehicle before this.

THE next regular meeting of the Woman Suffrage Association will be held in the Hall of the G. A. R., No. 104 Fourth avenue, on Friday evening, the 8th, inst. Rev. Mr. Leonard, pastor of Smithfield M. E. church, will address the Association. The public are cordially invited to attend.

MR. C. L. ROSE, a member of the well known carpet house of Hovard, Rose & Co., has formed a new alliance, of a social nature. We hope he will be as happy in the new firm as he has been successful in the old, and if he does he will find his connubial existence a most pleasant experience indeed. Now that Miss Ritz has become Mrs Rose, we presume that henceforth there will be one flower less among the mountains.

ALDERMAN SAMUEL MCMASTERS, of the Fifth ward, one of the most popular of our city magistrates, returned Saturday from a ten days' visit to Indian on Indian territory. Squire brings home an abundance of good health, and will resume business at his office on Sixth street, with the clear knowledge that has ever characterized his official actions, and with the honesty and fairness for which he is proverbial.

SATURDAY morning a workman went to the house of George Bingham, on Highland avenue, to fix the gas pipe in the third story, which was leaking. While he was hunting with a light for the leak an explosion took place, and the plaster in the third story of the second and third story was torn of and considerable damage was done, amounting in all to perhaps six hundred dollars. Fortunately no one was hurt.

THE New York *Newspaper Reporter* says: Edward H. Nevin, Jr, *Leader*, Pittsburgh, Pa., has visited some of our large newspaper establishments, and was shown exactly how New York pressework was done, and how the insatiable monster machines of Hoe and Bullock took their daily meals of ink and paper. The *Leader* has its own Bullock press, and turns out its evening edition in a style that rivals our own evening papers. Pittsburgh is a great place for newspapers. How the turnips and boys swallow up so much reading matter is an eighth wonder of the world.

LIST OF UNITED STATES PATENTS

ISSUED TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO AND WEST VIRGINIA, FROM OFFICIAL LIST ENDING TUESDAY, AUGUST 29TH AND BEARING THAT DATE, REPORTED WEEKLY FOR THE GAZETTE, FROM THE OFFICE OF MESSRS. HILL & ELLSWORTH, NO. 711 G STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., SOLICITORS OF PATENTS AND COUNSELLORS IN PATENT CASES, FROM WHOM ALL INFORMATION REGARDING PATENTS CAN BE OBTAINED.

No. 118,426. Machine for making cord—Sarah A. Boardman, Lancaster township, Pa., administratrix of Harris Boardman, deceased.

118,440. Composition for soap—Robert Eastman, Media, Pa.

118,441. Toy Toad—J. Fallows, Philadelphia, Penn.

118,443. Wash Boiler—B. F. Fellows, Lancaster, Pa.

118,444. Rubber boot—C. S. Foster, Ashland and O. Taylor, Philadelphia, Pa., a signor to themselves, W. F. Shultz and T. C. Eise, same place.

118,458. Feeding device for sewing machine—L. W. Green, Williamsport, Pa.

118,466. Seat spring for vehicles—B. Harsher, Erie, Pa., assignor to himself, E. Geer R. Dudley and R. F. Gaggin.

118,484. Window blind—J. H. Hobbs, Philadelphia, Pa.

118,461. Fence—H. H. Landis, Lancaster, Pa.

118,469. Antedated August 24, 1871. Stud for suspending drawing and other boards—J. Machines—R. H. McCann, Zanesville, Ohio.

118,472. Apparatus for Exhausting and Purifying Gases—Wm. Remington Sear, to H. Jacobus and Noble, the first named divine del